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# The North Carolinian.

PALEMON JOHN, Editor and Proprietor. Devoted to the Interests of the City, the County and the District. TERMS---$1.50 a Year, in Advance.

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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN POWER

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A civil engineer has been looking Niagara Falls over, and his conclusion is that it is good for 3,000,000 years. That's long enough for any one performance to last, and the people of that generation can hunt for something else.

The funeral of Henry Searle, Australia's champion oarsman, took place in Sydney recently, and was witnessed by 170,000 people. This is probably the greatest demonstration ever evoked by mere muscle. Our colleges must look to their laurels.

Russia has just asked for another loan, this time for one hundred million dollars. The modesty of the request, says the New York *World*, would be more conspicuous if Germany had not recently asked a loan almost as large. Peace is to be kept in Europe.

An exact copy of the United States alien labor act has been introduced in the House of Parliament at Ottawa, Canada. The bill appears to be a slap at the United States for enforcing their own act to keep Canadians from working across the border for a short time.

The Rothschilds have refused to float the proposed new Russian loan. This fact has more weight than all the rumors of war the correspondents may cable from Europe. If the European Powers could not get themselves any further into debt, the New York *Telegram* declares that disarmament would soon be a necessity.

The effect of our stringent laws against polygamy is seen in the settlement of 1,000 Mormon refugees from Utah in Canada. At present there is no law against polygamy in the dominion, but the government will be asked to introduce a measure making it a punishable offense. The Canadians view with alarm the migration of Mormons to their country.

A burglar who went through a St. Louis house, generously refreshed himself on the premises at the conclusion of his labors. The consequence was that sleep overtook him and he woke up only to find himself in the clutches of a policeman. The New York *Tribune* thinks it may probably occur to him now that eternal vigilance, especially in his line of practical effort, is the price of liberty.

The Atlantic has been in a very bad humor for the last three months. Nearly all the voyages of European steamers to the westward during that time have been troubled by tremendous seas and by constant storm, and fog in places where none is usually met with. But the opinion is confirmed by all this bad weather that the modern steamers are practically proof against the worst that the Atlantic Ocean can do; they have only collisions with other steamers, or with ice, to fear.

A Boston woman lost her husband in a recent disaster. Then a broker absconded with all her money. Her struggles to support herself and her four children made her ill. While she was lying ill and penniless, says the *Globe*, of that city, the officers of the law removed all the furniture in the room except the bed on which she lay, then took the sashes out of the windows and poured a bucket of water on the fire at which the oldest girl was trying to prepare some medicine for her mother. The woman died from exposure that evening and her little ones were turned out to shift for themselves.

It is evident, observes the San Francisco *Chronicle*, that the Nihilists in Russia are again preparing for some great stroke such as that which ended the life of the Czar, Alexander II. There is the same feverish activity, the frequent discoveries of plots and the desperate acts of those who are caught. No wonder that the Russian police dread the Nihilists when a young girl like Sophie Perovski has the nerve to give the signal for throwing the fatal bomb that killed the Czar, and another in Moscow shoots down the chief of the secret police who came to arrest her, and then takes her own life. Swift death by her own hand was a far better fate than exile to Siberia, with the nameless indignities to which female prisoners are subjected.

As anthracite coal has come of late years to be used more and more exclusively for domestic purposes, it has grown to be a more accurate measure of the consumption of fuel by the people. Nobody will be surprised to learn that the amount of coal used for purposes of house-warming was surprisingly small during the mild winter of 1889. Yet the official figures are rather startling. In 1888, except for the brief period of the March blizzard, the country experienced little extreme cold; yet the anthracite consumption in 1889 fell short of that in 1888 by 3,111,958 tons. This has been a serious affair for the coal companies, and all of them have lost money at their business, but we suspect that the people at large will not complain. The consumer finds it extremely difficult to look at these matters from the same point of view as the producer.

### The Heights and the Valley.

He stood in the valley with eager eyes
Turned to the peaks where the sunshine lay.
"O, for the heights that are near the skies,
The glorious heights that are far away,"
He cried, and ever his longing grew
To climb the steeps till the heights were won,
And ever a wild unrest broke through
The daily tasks that must be done.

"It must be lonely on those far heights,"
Said the friend he told of his wild desire.
"Better the valley of old delights;"
But the heart of the dreamer was all on fire
With the thought of reaching the hills afar,
And he would not tarry with friends of old,
But followed the flash of ambition's star,
And climbed up the mountains bleak and cold.

There were rocky places where feet must bleed;
There were awful chasms where danger lay;
Through nights of darkness and days of need
Towards the peaks he longed for he took his way.
And nearer, nearer the peaks of snow
Each day the climber in rapture drew,
Forgetting the valley that lay below
And the valley friends who were kind and true.

At last the terrible heights were scaled
Alone on the desolate peaks stood he.
In the moment of triumph his courage failed,
And his heart turned valleyward longingly.
O, to hear the voices of friends again,
To clasp a hand that was warm and true!
O, to love and be loved, and to share with men
The little joys that the valley knew!

Better the valley with peace and love
Than the desolate heights some souls attain.
Lonely is life on the hills above
The valley lands and the sunny plain.
What is fame to love? Can it satisfy
The longing and lonely hearts of men?
On the heights they must hunger and starve and die.
Come back to the valley of peace again.

—*Eben E. Rexford, in Youth's Companion.*

## "Fifty Cents a Ticket."

BY AMY RANDOLPH.

She was spreading towels and tablecloths on the crisp, short grass to bleach, when he saw her first—a slim, Diana-like young creature, with large, limpid eyes, a brown skin not entirely innocent of freckles and a mass of jetty shining hair, which had broken loose from its coarse horn comb, and fell in ink-black ripples down her back. There was a little brook twining its transparent sparkles around the gnarled roots of an ancient tree, and a background of black-green laurel, which, with the sun-bathed meadow in front, made a sort of rustic picture that struck Paul Gessner's artistic fancy as he crossed the wooden bridge.

"I should like to sketch her," he thought to himself. "I wonder, now, what she would say to it!"

But before he could get his pencil and mill-boards out the young Diana had poised her empty basket lightly on her head and she was gone.

"I'm sorry for that," soberly pondered Gessner. "She had a brilliant Charlotte Corday sort of a face that would have stood the test of perpetuation on paper!"

And then Mr. Gessner went into the inn and set himself at work to elaborate the notes of his lecture on "The Literature of Queen Anne's Time" which was to be delivered the next evening at the village hall.

There were plenty of people at the inn. Brookbridge was a wild, sylvan sort of place, which attracted people in the summer season. Every farm house and cottage in the vicinity was crowded, and a "Lecture" was something to stir the quiet stagnation of their every-day life. Moreover, Paul Gessner had a reputation for scholarly polish and graceful wit, which had reached even to Brookbridge, and everybody was talking of the Lecture.

"Can't I go?" said Natty Purple. "Oh, I wish I could go!"

The towels and table-cloths were all bleached whiter than snow, between the daisied grass and the July sunshine, and Natty was sprinkling and folding them now, with quick, deft fingers, in an obscure corner of the kitchen.

"You go, indeed!" said Miss Carrie Podham, who condescended to wait at table during the crowded season. "You've too much to do in the kitchen, and besides, the tickets are fifty cents each!"

Natty Purple sighed dolorously.

"Fifty cents!" she repeated. "Oh, then of course it's out of the question!"

For Natty's slender wages were all of them expended in the support of a good-for-nothing old grandsire who, when he was not drinking whisky, was suffering unheard-of agonies with the rheumatism. She never wore anything but calico, and drudged away in the inn kitchen, like a modern Cinderella, without any of the eclat which, in ancient story, appertained to that young person.

But, later in the evening, the head stableman looked into the kitchen where Cinderella was darning a well-worn table napkin, and Mrs. Podham was preparing brook-trout for a breakfast for the morrow's early travellers.

"Where's Jim?" said the head stableman.

"Gone out," said Mrs. Podham, curtly.

"I want some one to row one of the boarders out on the lake," said the stableman. "He's a picter painter, I guess. He wants moonlight effects, he says" (with a chuckle). "I'd a deal ruther hev feather pillow effects, myself. Then where is Dick?"

"Dick never's on hand when he's wanted," Mrs. Podham replied. "I heven't seen him since supper."

"Then he'll lose a fifty-cent job," said the stableman. "Well, I s'pose I can hunt up some one, somewhere."

"Fifty cents!" cried Natty Purple, springing to her feet. "I'll go, Thomas! I'm handy with the oars, and I'm just perishing for a breath of cool air from the water."

"Them napkins isn't mended," croaked Mrs. Podham, discouragingly.

"I'll finish 'em when I come back," said Natty, coaxingly. "Do let me go, just this once!"

So that when Mr. Gessner came out to the edge of the lake with his picturesque Spanish cloak thrown across one shoulder, and his sketching apparatus under his arm, Natty Purple sat in the boat ready to row him whither he would go.

"Hallo!" said Paul. "Why, you're a girl!"

"Yes, I'm a girl," apologetically confessed Natty. "But I'm a good hand to row, and I know all about the lake. I can take you straight to Echo Cove, where the waterlilies grow thickest, and past the Old Indian Rock, and—"

"Agreed," said Paul, good-humoredly. "But was there no man about the place to undertake this disagreeable job?"

"Oh, it isn't disagreeable," said Natty, earnestly. "I like to row! And, besides, I do so much want to earn fifty cents."

"Do you?" said Paul, as the little boat, propelled by Natty's skilful strokes, vanished into the deep shadow of the overhanging birches that fringed the lovely tides. "May I venture to ask why?"

"Oh, yes," said Natty. "It's no secret. I want to go to the lecture tomorrow night."

Paul Gessner smiled to himself in the moonlight, as he sat there like a Spanish gondolier.

"Do you suppose it will be so very interesting?" said he.

"Interesting!" echoed Natty. "Of course it will be. Haven't you heard? Mr. Gessner is to deliver a lecture on the "Literature of Queen Anne's Time."

"And who is Mr. Gessner?" demanded the young man.

"If you don't read the magazines, of course you can't be expected to know," said Natty Purple, with some natural impatience. "But I have read everything he writes. He is stopping at our place now, they tell me."

"Is he?" said Paul. "You are the landlady's daughter, I presume?"

"No, I am not," acknowledged honest Natty. "I help in the kitchen. I am Natalie Purple."

"Well, then, to be honest with you, Miss Purple," said Paul, really feeling a sting of conscience, "I am Paul Gessner!"

Natty gave such a start that the boat careened dangerously to one side.

"You!" she cried.

"Yes, I! Now, if you will take me safe to the Echo Cove, I will give you a complimentary ticket. So, there!"

"No," said Nattie, with true womanly pride, "I accept no favors, even though I am nothing but a working girl. If I am to have a ticket at all, I prefer to earn it."

Paul was silent. In truth, and in fact, he felt a little ashamed in the presence of this flute-voiced, independent young beauty.

"You must have read a great deal," said he, at last.

"Oh! I have," said Natty. "We are not so busy in winter, you see; and besides, all the girls lent me their newspapers and magazines. But I never expected to see a gentleman who wrote books."

"I hope he comes up to your expectation," said Paul.

"I must have time to make up my mind about that," said Natty, with all good faith.

And once again our hero found himself at a loss for something to say.

But when he came out into the moonbathed glories of the Echo Cove, where all the world was steeped in silver softness and the matted masses of waterlilies were swinging to and fro on the tides like emerald carpets, his tongue was loosened once again, and before they came back he and Natty Purple were on terms of the pleasantest acquaintanceship.

But he had not sketched half as much as he had expected.

"The light was so uncertain," he said, "he could reproduce it better by the next day's memory."

Natty went to the lecture with her fifty-cent piece, and listened with a grave and critical intentness, which spurred Paul Gessner on to his highest elocutionary effects.

"It was very good," she said, the next day, "very good indeed. It has given me something to think about. And, oh! dear, I have so much time for thinking!"

"Natty," said Mr. Gessner (everybody called the girl "Natty" here). "I have been wondering why you stay here at all."

"Where else should I stay?" she questioned him with a simple directness.

"Why do you not go to Boston and teach school?" he questioned.

"Oh!" cried Natty, clasping her hands eagerly, "do you think there would be any possibility of my obtaining a situation there?"

"We must see what can be done," said Paul, reflectively.

So Grandfather Purple was left in charge of a thrifty neighbor, and stayed by himself that winter, while Natty went to Boston to try her luck in one of the grammar schools. In the spring she came back, apparently transformed into a new creature.

"I didn't want you," growled the old man. "The Widow Malley takes good enough care of me. To tell you the truth, we was married last week, and Mrs. Purple she don't want no step-granddarters around."

"Oh, grandfather, I am so glad!" cried Natalie, turning pink and white in one breath. "Because I am not coming back to stay. Mr. Gessner—"

"Oh, I understand," said Grandfather Purple, chuckling hoarsely. "You're going to be married, too."

"Yes," said Natty, "I'm going to be married."

Thus ended the little Brookbridge idyl. Natalie was happy. So was Paul Gessner. As for Grandfather Purple and his elderly bride, let us hope that they were not very unhappy. For the roses and nightingales of life cannot be enjoyed by every one, and the springtide of the world comes but once.

### The Haunted Pitcher.

About five miles from Aiken, S. C., on the Charleston dirt road, and in sight of the railway, is a little place that was first christened Polecat, but afterwards changed to Montmorenci, the French for that odorous little animal. Many years ago a young woman came with her pitcher to draw a bucket of water from a well at Montmorenci, and set the vessel back in the hollowed top of a stone post that some of the railroad men had moved there.

While drawing water a flash of lightning came and struck the chain to which the well bucket was attached and the woman was killed in her tracks. Her remains were removed, but the pitcher was left just where the dead girl had set it. To this day the pitcher remains in the same place, and so far from being removed, it is said that no living hand has ever touched it save its owner's, although near the side of the public road. But the most wonderful thing is the superstition attached to the pitcher. There is an indescribable influence surrounding it that prevents its being touched.

Hundreds of people have gone with the firm determination of lifting the pitcher, but when they approach it a strange repugnance comes over them, and they hurriedly depart without carrying out the object of their visit. One night a bully in the neighborhood while under the influence of whisky made a bet with some friends that he would go and bring back the pitcher. He left to do so, but soon returned as pale as a sheet and empty handed. "Boys," he remarked, "no person alive can lay hands on that pitcher, and I wouldn't attempt it again for the whole of Aiken County." He refused to tell his experience and said he would not talk about it. Other parties have gone to see it, but met with the same repulsive feelings.—*Athens (Ga.) Banner.*

### A Once-Despised Vegetable.

Some paper, speaking of the tomato crop, says that 72,000,000 cans "were put up this year past" and refers to the old times when the tomato was called the "love apple," and held about as fair a match for "ground cherries" as food for man or beast. Mr. B. R. Sulgrove, the oldest newspaper man in the city, says he remembers seeing, when a boy, in 1835 or thereabouts, several stocks or bushes of "love apples" growing on the north side of Market street, near Delaware, in the garden of John Wilkins or "Archie" Lingenfelter. They were not called "tomatoes" and nobody thought of eating them more than "jimson burs." They were not commonly grown, even for garden ornament, and it was a half score of years later before they came into even occasional table use. But he remembers that some of the doctors of that day commended them as a healthful thing to eat, and the new name "tomato" became familiar. Fifty years or more ago this was the fame and food value of the tomato, now more often and generally used, and in more forms than any other garden product whatever.

### The Largest Kite in the Country.

A party of young men in Terryville, Conn., own probably the largest kite in the country. The kite is 16½ feet high and 12 feet wide. The frame is bolted together with iron belts, and is covered with 54 yards of canvas. To balance this weight requires a tail 140 feet long, weighing 50 pounds. The canvas is attached to the frame by hooks and can be readily removed, the frame folded up and transportation made easy.

## NEW MEXICO.

### How It Came to be Annexed to the United States.

### Its Mixed Population of Spanish and Indians.

The Territory now known as New Mexico was conquered by the Spaniards a little more than three centuries ago. No portion of our country bears so remarkably the stamp of antiquity as does New Mexico. Its chief city, Santa Fe, is said to be the oldest in the United States.

After the war with Mexico, its Government ceded to us in 1848 a tract of country which originally comprised Arizona and Southern Colorado. The present area of New Mexico is 122,460 square miles. The whole number of New Mexicans in the United States is estimated at 300,000.

Two entirely distinct races inhabit the Territory, and these people have an interesting history. The original possessors of the land were Indians, supposed to be descended from the Aztecs, or cliff-dwellers.

"The Spanish took possession of their country one hundred years before the Pilgrim Fathers set their feet on the shores of New England. The Puritans and Pilgrims, the Dutch and the Quakers did not come for conquest; they came seeking freedom to worship God.

"The Spaniards came for conquest and gold; and the old fortress of San Marco, at St. Augustine, built entirely by the labor of Indian slaves, makes a strong contrast with the work of all the other colonists just named, who settled along the Atlantic coast."

The present population of New Mexico consists of a few families of pure Spanish blood, and the Pueblo Indians, but the largest portion is of mixed Spanish and Indian blood.

These Indians were tillers of the soil, and not nomadic. The Spaniards, having learned that their lands were fertile, and that mineral deposits of gold and silver had been found, determined to seize this wealth and enslave the Indians. Having succeeded in this, they subjected the people to abject slavery, and treated them with such cruelty that bloody revolts were the consequence. This wronged people partially regained their freedom, but were reduced in consequence to the deepest poverty and degradation.

In the mountains near Santa Fe there were gold, silver and copper mines, and as the Spaniards, who ruled the country, could not wrest treasure from the natives, they forced them to dig and mine and smelt metals with the crudest appliances. When, after years of toil, the foreign yoke became unbearable, "secretly, and with the utmost caution, the overthrow of the oppressors was planned. Swift runners traveled by hidden paths, in the depths of night, from town to town, laid the case of their people before their council of warriors and wise men, and each Pueblo that joined the conspiracy added a knot to a string the messengers carried.

"At last all was ready, a great blow was to be struck for liberty, and one that would drive the hated Spaniards from the home of the Pueblo. One night during August, 1680, the signal fires sent their message across the land from lofty mountain-tops and the hour had struck. The strangers' rule received its death-blow on that night, and the life-blood of many a valiant Spaniard dripped from dozens of wounds inflicted by their former slaves. The padres, too, became martyrs to their calling, and fell before their altars, to which they fled for safety." The Indians effectually closed the openings to the mines that they had worked, and obliterated all traces of shafts and tunnels. But their independence was of short duration. Don Diego de Vargas Sapatahiyan soon appeared before Santa Fe and once more subjugated the town, the Pueblos seeking shelter in the mountains and in the ruins left by the cliff-builders; but they were pursued, and again compelled to labor as peons (serfs). But although prior to 1680, the mine near San Lazaro had yielded good riches, only fourteen years later several expeditions failed to discover an entrance to it, and today its site is unknown. About 1700 A. D., Santa Fe being settled by Spaniards, became the great trading city of the Southwest. It is described as an antiquated place, "a delightful place in which to rest and grow old without knowing it."

The surrounding country gives evidence that the "silver fever of the old Spaniards," still burns in the veins of their successors, for holes and shafts and tunnels may be seen in the earth, and rock out of which "some silver and lead have come, gold and copper out of others, disappointment out of the majority."—*New York Observer.*

### Unprepared.

Palmer—It's mighty funny, but there are no less than six people with whom I have been talking within a week who are now dead.

Curtleigh—I haven't the least doubt of it. I'm sorry I can't stop to listen to you today, but the fact is I'm not prepared.

### Not Tall Enough.

History has recorded that a foreign princess to whom Henry VIII. of England offered his hand in marriage sent back the pointed answer that "if she had had two heads she would gladly have placed one of them at his Majesty's disposal." This allusion to the fate of Anne Boleyn and Katherine Howard was a good specimen of the epigrammatic smartness of that period; but, says Mr. David Kerr, an equally creditable performance has been furnished by our own age.

Just at the time when vague reports were beginning to creep abroad that Germany was meditating a fresh extension of her frontier at the expense of Holland, a Dutch official of high rank happened to be visiting the court of Berlin, where he was handsomely entertained. Among other spectacles got up to amuse him, a review was organized at Potsdam.

"What does your Excellency think of our soldiers?" asked Prince Bismarck, as one of the regiments came marching past in admirable order.

"They look as if they knew how to fight," remarked the visitor, gravely; "but they are not quite tall enough."

The prince looked rather surprised at this disparaging criticism. He made no answer, however, and several other regiments filed past in succession; but the Dutchman's verdict upon each and all was still the same: "Not tall enough."

At length the Grenadiers of the Guard made their appearance—a magnificent body of veterans, big and stalwart enough to have satisfied even the giant-loving father of Frederick the Great; but the inexorable critic merely said, "Fine soldiers, but not tall enough."

Then Prince Bismarck fairly lost patience and rejoined, somewhat sharply, "These grenadiers are the finest men in our whole army; may I ask what your Excellency is pleased to mean by saying that they are not tall enough?"

The Dutchman looked him full in the face and replied, with significant emphasis, "I mean that we can flood our country twelve feet deep."

### Missed a Fortune.

Quincy Robinson related an incident of the early history of the oil regions recently which may give the children of the present generation a vague idea of the magnitude of the transactions which took place when oil was $8 and $9 a barrel, and poor people gained a competency by scooping it off the surface of creeks or gathered it from pools around the tanks which had overflowed. The story as told by Mr. Robinson was as follows:

"Within a month after Colonel Drake had struck the first petroleum ever brought to the surface in America by means of drilling, my father and the father of my relatives here bought a tract of land comprising 1280 acres adjoining the farm on which the Drake well was located, for $350,000. Not long afterward I was sitting in their office one day—I remember it as distinctly as though it happened only yesterday—when an agent for an Eastern syndicate walked in and offered $500,000 for the 1280 acres. The owners looked at him rather incredulously for a moment, but before they could speak he had counted out on the table $500,000 in cash and drafts, which he offered for a deed of the tract. I was appalled by the sight of the pile, but my father and the father of these gentlemen retired for consultation, and decided that if the property was worth $500,000 it was worth $1,000,000, and the offer was refused. Their heirs still own the land, and now it is valued at about $20,000. Where they could have got dollars we could scarcely get nickels. Thus you can see what seemingly fairy stories could be told of those days. They are almost incomprehensible to the present generation, but they were red-hot facts." And a sigh of regret that the offer had not been accepted went around the circle.—*Pittsburg Dispatch.*

### Had Resurrected a Dead Man.

Professor Bilroth, the famous Viennese surgeon, some time ago received a letter from a certain Jew in a small Russian town to come immediately and perform an operation. The professor in his answer stipulated for 5000 marks, which was promised him. The professor then repaired to the Russian town, and upon his arrival he was received by a number of Jews, who sorrowfully informed him that the gentleman that was to be operated upon had died and had been buried already. And seeing that the professor felt perplexed and regretted the journey which he had made in vain, the Jews comforted him, saying: "There is yet some chance for you to make some money here. There are several sick men in our hospital who would require your services, for which each of them would willingly pay you 1000 marks." The professor gladly accepted the offer, and after having performed about five operations, the stipulated amount was handed to him. But a few minutes before starting for home, the professor learned that he had resurrected the dead man. That worthy gentleman had been among the hospital patients cured for 1000 marks.

### Hymn Writing.

Except for the good one can do, there is but little satisfaction to be gained from writing a well-known hymn. As a rule, hymns are not high-priced commodities in the literary market, the royalties are small, and the author's name is generally lost sight of, even if the hymn achieves world-wide fame. As an example, I question whether there are a hundred persons today who know that the author of "The Sweet Bye-and-Bye" is living in an obscure Illinois town and not amid the greatest luxury either. Tens of thousands, perhaps millions of people know the hymn; how many ever think of Dr. S. Fillmore Bennett, its aged author? The hymn has brought him almost no revenue, and even less fame. Mrs. Annie Sherwood Hawks is another instance, living in a small interior New York town, compelled to resort to her pen for a living, yet who has not sung her world-famous hymn, "I Need Thee Every Hour"? Professor Gilmore of the University of Rochester, rarely receives credit as the author of his well-known lines, "He Leadeth Me." Fanny Crosby, she of hundreds of hymns that are sung every Sunday by thousands of lips, lives in a side-street in New York city almost forgotten. Although blind and helpless, she is happy in the religion which fills her mind and soul. There seems something in these cited cases that is not altogether right—this entire forgetfulness by a busy world of those who have made our sweetest songs. And so I say there is but little encouragement in the writing of hymns. Not only is the author poorly paid for the work, then almost entirely forgotten, but the additional stigma is offered of having the hymn embodied into hundreds of collections without a cent of revenue accruing to the author. The small pittance given to the author when the hymn is first published, is oftimes the only remuneration.

### Phantom Fish.

A stream near Benton, Tenn., is said to be full of phantom fish. Standing on the rocks and looking down into the water the eye can see hundreds of trout, some of them remarkably large, darting about the pools or resting with the gentle motion peculiar to their tribe. The angler casts his line into one of these pools literally swarming with fish to all appearances, and no matter how attractive the fly or how skillful the fisherman he never gets a bite. As plentiful as they seem to be no one has ever yet been able to catch a trout in that stream. The fish pay no attention to the hook or line, and when the bait is thrown at them, or an attempt is made to spear them, the instrument has the appearance of passing through the fish, but he is not caught; when the barb or spear is removed he is still in the water.—*Chicago Times.*

### Discovery of a Lost Mine.

Samuel George and M. R. Brown of Cornucopia, Ore., have discovered the long-sought-for Stanton diggings in the Eagle range of mountains. In 1865 Stanton brought into Baker City several ounces of placer gold, but refused to reveal the place from which it came. In a saloon row he killed a man and fled for his life, taking the secret of his discovery with him. Many have searched in vain for the lost diggings. George and Brown, however, accidentally stumbled in Gayapoo, into one of Stanton's old prospect holes, and upon investigation fabulously rich prospects were found, and a pick, shovel and frying-pan and several ounces of gold, evidently panned from a space of fifteen feet on bedrock. Active work will be prosecuted on the diggings in the spring.—*Portland Oregonian.*

### Fashionable Smuggling.

There is a great deal more of this fashionable smuggling than would generally be supposed, says a New York letter to the Chicago *Herald*. While it is not all confined to very rich people, yet it is certain that they do a great deal more than their share of it. The experience of the officials also bears out the general impression that it is almost as natural for a woman to smuggle as it is for her to breathe. It is hard for her to realize that bringing in bonnets and everything else which can contribute to her wardrobe whenever the chance is presented to do so without paying duty is not both her right and her duty. Consequently the women inspectors at the Custom-House have a great deal more work to do than their fellows among the men.

### A Stove Used as a Bed.

In the north of China the climate is quite cold, and there are no stoves or fireplaces in the wayside inns. In some of the general rooms are small charcoal braziers, but the bedrooms, which are very scantily furnished, contain neither stove nor bed. In their place is a brick platform, long enough for a man to stretch himself at full length upon and raised a foot or two from the floor with an opening in the side.

Into this aperture the servant pushes a pan of burning coals, and when the bricks are thoroughly heated the traveler spreads out upon them the bedding he has brought with him and lies down to rest on his stove.

### Sub Rosa.

I have heard the robins singing
Where the sweet magnolia grow
I have seen the zephyrs flinging
Twilight kisses to the rose;
But a sweeter song has filled me
Than the birds in perfumed bowers,
And a softer kiss has thrilled me
Than the south winds on the flowers.

I have felt the lilies blowing
Dewy fragrance in the morn;
I have seen the sunbeams glaring
Golden blushes on the corn;
But I know a flower that's fairer
Than the lilies ever grew,
And I love a blush that's rarer
Than the sunbeam's softest hue.

I have seen the moonbeams flying
Over starlit, silvery seas;
I have heard the zephyrs sighing
Through the orange-blossomed trees;
But a purer ray has blessed me
Than the moonlight on the sands,
And a softer sigh caressed me
Than the breath of Tropic lands.

She is fairer than the flowers;
She is sweeter than the rose,
And her heart of kindness showers
Blessings everywhere she goes.
Altruistic—without sinning—
She's an angel from the sky
(Far above my earthly winning)—
She's engaged! and so am I!

—*Larry Chittenden.*

### HUMOROUS.

The oyster carries his shelter with him.

Little dogs bark the most, because that is all they can do.

Appearances are against some people, and so are their disappearances.

A prudent man is like a pin—his head prevents him going too far.

When cutlery manufacturers begin cutting prices it is very apt to be war to the knife.

A fruitless search—The one a farmer makes after the small boy has passed through the orchard.

Tommy—Pa, what does "the lap of luxury" mean? Mr. Figg—Means a cat drinking cream, I suppose.

Carberry—It strikes me you are rather long paying that bill. Snodsy—That's because I am so short.

Jessie—I'm sure Charlie loves me, but he's afraid to propose. Bessie—Well, that shouldn't surprise you at all.

Photographers are the most charitable of men, for they are always anxious to take the best view of their fellow-creatures.

"Alfred," she said, disengaging her hand, "those horrid men saw us—what did they say as they passed by?" "How touching."

"So Smith has failed. How much money did he get with his wife?" "Her face is her fortune." "No wonder he had to make an assignment."

"What do you value that handsome spaniel at, if I may ask?" "Well, if you want to buy him he's worth $500, and if you're the assessor I reckon he's worth about 19 cents."

Two howling pet dogs in a back yard uptown were struck by two bullets last night. Howling dogs should cut this out and paste it in their hats.

The quintessence of laziness is illustrated by a Dutch artist who was commissioned to paint a picture of "Jonah and the Whale," and who thereupon painted a picture of a very large whale, explaining that Jonah would be found inside the monster.

Little Brother — Can't you walk straight, Mr. Mangle? Mr. Mangle—Of course I can. Why do you ask? Little Brother—Oh, nothing; only I heard sister say she'd make you walk straight when she married you. And ma said she'd help her.

John—I'm sorry I shall be away so long, Miss Janet. You don't know how I hate to say "good-by" to you, but I suppose the best of friends must part, you know. Janet—Oh, yes, and what's the use of people who are nothing to each other growing sad over separation? That's the way I look at it.

### It Took Off Both Legs.

Major Jones, who served with credit in the late war, is no liar, says the Lewiston (Me.) *Journal*, yet when he tells a story he generally manages to astonish his hearers just the same. He is fond of boasting that he participated in numerous battles without receiving a wound of any description. Remembering this fact his comrades were astonished when he remarked the other evening at a Grand Army meeting:

"Gentlemen, the battle of Antietam was the hottest engagement I ever saw. My regiment, as some of you are aware, was exposed to a galling fire for more than two hours without even the poor satisfaction of firing a shot in return. During this trying season, while I was receiving an order from the Colonel, a cannon ball came straight for me, mowing a swath through the tall grass. I have reason to remember that shot, gentlemen, for it took off both legs."

"What!" cried an astonished listener, as he glanced at the speaker's shapely limbs.

"Of my horse," added the imperturbable Major.—*Philadelphia Record.*

### Unaffected Grief.

She—I'm sorry to see this. What is George Boscomb using mourning cards for?

He—That wealthy uncle of his has just recovered.

# The North Carolinian.

Published Every Wednesday

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of the interest of the Albemarle District solicited.


## FORETHOUGHT ON THE FARM.

Keen, practical forecast is an important factor in every walk of business life, but for the farmer it is almost indispensible to any reasonable amount of success. Mechanical skill, once it has been fairly mastered, needs next to no thought to keep it up to the point of working efficiently. But farming, as it ought to be, not only requires careful thought, but a very great amount of forethought to make it either pleasant or profitable. The thing that helps most to elevate farm work above the level of the merest drudgery is the amount of hearty and exhilerating mental effort that can be infused into it; that, combined with the sense of duty and the feeling of hope, will make life on the farm attractive and pleasant.

Of all forms of thought, forethought is the most inspiring, just as after thought is generally least pleasant. Of the various nationalities engaged in farming on this continent the Germans and Scotch, in proportion to their numbers, are the most successful, and to that success their faculty of plodding, combined with calculating habits, have contributed the most. As a German once said to us, "A man must learn somedings effery day, if he wants to make money by farming."

The skilled farmer propounds in the quiet of his spare hour s the problems of the coming year withwhich he may need to grapple and then sets himself to think out, in perhaps two or three different ways, the tactics by which those problems are to be solved, and those difficulties met. "Wise behind the hand," ready for business the day after the fair, the man with a dull, soapy sort of brain goes ahead in a mechanical sort of way, seeing nothing in particular until he strikes a snag or runs his head against a wall, and then feels around in a dazed sort of a way to find out what struck him.

Proper forecast in farming goes a long way beyond the mere study of possible modes of action. Every possible form of obstruction is looked at, and plans made for gettingaround the corner, or, if that is impossible, for making the unpleasant effects of the collision as slight as possible. No great amount of seamanship is neccessary in fine weather and good daylight, but when, in the misty darkness all around, you cannot tell whether the mass in your way is an island or an iceburg, the trained captain is ready for the emergency, while a fair weather sailor acts like an imbecile. "Ready, aye ready," is the motto of the Napiers, a family famous in science, in war, in literature, and should be the watchword of every man who would farm successfully.

### NOW FOR BUSINESS.

A code of rules has been adopted by Congress and that body is now equipped for work. It has provided for counting a quorum when a quorum is actually present. While not destroying the rights of the minority, it has clipped its wings so as to prevent obstruction. Now for business.

One of the important measures of the session will be a Tariff bill. The country expects it, and it is not going to be disappointed. Changes in the tariff will be made, but they will not be of a character to cause alarm in business circles. The changes will all be made with the principles of protection continually kept in view. The revision of the Tariff will be of a kind that will prove of benefit, and not a detriment to home interests.

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The signs of the times clearly indicate that there is religious as well as mental and material progress going on in the world. God has not changed. Not at all. Nor has there been any change in the revelation of the Bible. Truth is always the same. The laws of the physical as well as the laws of the mental and spiritual world are unchangeable. But mankind is coming into newer and fuller and clearer interpretation of these laws. There is continued progress.

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The Supreme Court has decided that there can be no new trial in the cases of the convicted officers of the late broken bank at Raleigh, Cross and White, and consequently both of them will be put to work on the roads of Wake county in accordance with the sentence passed upon them.

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For one thing, at least, the country is under obligations to the Democratic obstructionists in Congress. They have united, vitalized and solidified the Republican party in the House more completely than all other influences could have done it.

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It has been named at last. The Boston Globe calls the late contest in the House as the great "quo-rumpus."

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It is stated that 70,000 families [illegible] with farms on the [illegible] reservation, just opened.

## FRUITS OF THE REVENUE TARIFF OF 1846.

The "Revenue Reformer" Free Traders are constantly deriding the Protective policy advocated by the Republicans and urging the adoption of measures that would virtually abolish it. The country has had a sad experience from the workings of Free Trade legislation. Its fruits were not satisfactory. The late Henry C. Carey said in a letter to Robert J. Walker, Secretary of the Treasury in 1851:

"The tariff of 1846 has caused the total ruin of thousands and tens of thousands of the most useful men in the country. It tends to the utter destruction of the coal and iron and the cotton and woolen interests."

Hon. Joseph Casey, in a speech in Congress in 1850, said;

"Out of 300 blast furnaces in full operation when the tariff of 1846 was enacted into a law fully one-half had stopped several months ago, and fully fifth more are preparing to go out of blast."

President Filmore, in his Message of 1851, said:

"Most of the gold of California as fast as it is coined finds its way to Europe in payment for goods purchased. * * * Our manufacturing establishments are broken down by competition with foreigners, the capital invested in them is lost, and thousands of honest and industrious citizens are thrown out of employment, and the farmer is deprived of a home market for the sale of his surplus products."

Under the Free Trade Tariff our National Treasury became bankrupt. The country don't want a repetition of that era.

### ONE OF THE REASONS.

Uncle Sam pays his 200,000 employes, including soldiers and sailors, an average salary of $825 a piece. The average earnings of the plain every day citizen, who gets pay in proportion to the work he does, are about half that much, probably. This state of affairs explain, perhaps, one of the reasons why about 26,000,000 male American citizens make a dead set for about 50,000 offices every four years,

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Postmaster General Wanamaker will award, at the close of the year, twelve gold medals to railway and mail clerks making the best record for quick and accurate destribution of cards representing post offices by routes or counties.

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The best evidence that the McKinley Customs bill is a good one is the fact that the leading New York Importers are opposing it. It will render the enforcement of the customs laws more certain, and that's just what they don't want.

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Our National debt is of goodly size, but it is diminishing rapidly. Already under Harrison's Administration it has been reduced, in principal and interest, over $500,000,00 0.

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The election in Salt Lake City resulted in a Mormon defeat, the entire Gentile ticket being elected. The death knell of Mormonism is sounded.

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In Speaker Reed the Bourbons met
A man who well can awe them;
They can't the *Record's* pages get
To do their lying for them.

## WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, February 21, 1890.

The President returned from his Pennsylvania trip to-day. He went to Allegheny city and formally opened a free public library and afterwards went to Pittsburg. He expressed himself as much pleased with the cordial reception he received at both places.

The contest for the World's Fair is now in full blast in the House. It was orginally intended to have taken a vote to-day, but the New York men succeeded in having the vote postponed until next week. The present status of the matter is very much mixed. There are at least sixty members of the House known to be opposed to holding the fair at all, and when the site is decided upon they will probably get some recruits from the disappointed members. There are quite a number of members in both parties who while favoring some particular city, fear the political effect upon the Presidential campaign of locating the fair anywhere but at Washington. Your correspondent ventures the prediction that if the fair is held at all it will be held at Washington.

Representative McKinley, who has been quite sick, has gone to Fortress Monroe for a short stay. He is sadly missed in the Ways and Means committee and his absence will delay the completion and reporting of the new tariff bill.

So far as formal entertainments are concerned Washington society is religiously keeping Lent, but informally the gayeties go on about as usual.

Commissionsr of Pensions Raum created a little ripple of interest this week by stating to the House committee on Pensions that he could greatly improve the clerical force of his offic if he could personally select his clerks instead of having to take those certified to him by the civil service commission.

The new British extradition treaty having been ratified by the Senate, American thieves will now have to keep away from Canada.

Postmaster General Wanamaker's postal telegraph scheme is being talked about a good deal, and the present indications are that it may be given a trial.

The House committee on Pensions has reported the pension appropriation for the next fiscal year, $98,427,561 is the amount.

Immediately after the World's Fair is disposed of next week another of the contested election cases will be called up in the House. It is probable that all the rest of the contested cases will be disposed of as fast as they are reported from the committee,

Representative O'Neil, of Pennsylvania, raised a hurrah from the republican side of the House Wednesday when he announced that a republican had been elected to succeed the late Representative Kelley.

## LITERARY NOTICES.

"An Ocular Delusion" is the title of a bright social study in serial shape, which will begin in the NEW YORK LEDGER of March 1. The story holds the mirror up to club life in the metropolis, and touches lightly but with the masterly and suggestive stroke of the etching hand, some of the more distinctive sides of New York society life. Several of the characters are so startling typical that they may be taken for any one of scores of the members of the "Four Hundred." The hero is a fine combination of manliness, ready ingenuity and audacity, a youth with a rare amount of phosphorus in his cerebral gray matter and an equally generous amount of red corpuscles in his veins—a character which the author has elaborated with sympathetic interest, and which, according to the impression given by the advance sheets, represents an oarsman of a recent crew of a leading American College. The author, by the way, is that brilliant young newspaper worker, Frank Howard Howe, son of the late postmaster-general, Timothy F. Howe, of Wisconsin.

*Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly* for March, 1890.—Frank Vincent, the well known traveler, author of the recently published book, "Around and About South America," and of a forthcoming work on Central America, furnishes an elaborate leading article on "The Republics of Central America." Guatemala, Honduras, Salvador, Nicaragua and Costa Rica are graphically described, with numerous and beautiful illustrations, making a contribution of the highest intrinsic interest as well as of peculiar timeliness in connection with the work of the Pan-American Congress. Other illustrated articles offer attractions in a variety of directions—notably Frederick Daniel's charming description of Richmond, Virginia's historit capital; "The Music of all Nations," as exemplified at the Paris Exposition; "Where Garfield was Canal-boy," an account of a leisurely voyage on the Ohio Canal; "Ostrich Feathers," from the bird to the bonnet; "The Pictographic Autobiography of a Sioux Chief," etc. Alfred H. Guernsey begins a series of historical papers on Frederick the Great. The serial and short stories are always a special feature of the POPULAR MONTALY, while its pictures are more numerous and excellent than ever.

### About "Precedents."

From Speech of Congressman Raines.

There seems to have been developed in the course of this discussion on the other side of the Chamber anxiety in regard to the adoption of these new rules. The course proposed is a violation of the precedents of one hundred years. I wish to call the attention of the gentlemen to the fact that there has been no step forward in the arogress of humanity in the last hundred years, or in the last five hundred years, that has not been a violation of precedents or in advance of precedents. When the barons wrung the great charter from King John it was a violation of precedent, it was a step forward in the interests of the people.

When our fathers signed the Bill of Rights it was a violation of precedent. When this country adopted the Constitution of the United States under which we live it was a violation of precedent and another blow at the prerogatives of kings. When the great President Lincoln emancipated the slaves it was a violation of precedent and hurt the feelings of the Constitution-destroyers on the other side. Every step of progress even that which has been taken in several Legislatures of the States towards the emancipation of women in relation to the laws governing property, has been a violation of precedent. So I think I risk nothing in saying that every step forward in the interests of humanity has been a step taken in violation of precedent

### Bright's Disease.

This insidious ailment, if too long neglected, will undermine the strongest constitution and bring the victim to a premature grave. Heed the timely warning and regain health at once by a use of the proper restorative, that great strengthener of the urinary and digestive organs, B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm.)

David Runkel, Cullman, Ga writes: "I used a hundred dollars worth of medicine for Bright's disease, but it did me no good. I then took B. B. B. which relieved me. My appetite is restored and I urinate without pain."

J. A. Maddox, Atlanta, Ga. writes: "I had great trouble in passing urine which was filled with sediments. My back and loins gave me much pain and I lost my appetite, strength and flesh. I become nervous and unable to sleep soundly. Two bottles of B. B. B. gave me entire relief."

Thomas Williams, Soddy, Tenn., writes: "I was troubled with severe kidney complaint and confined to my bed. Six bottles of B. B. B. made a well man of me."

### Eupepsy.

This is what you ought to have, in fact you must have it to fully enjoy life. Thousands are searching for it daily and mourning because they find it not. Thousands upon thousands of dollars are spent annually by our people in the hope that they may attain this boon. And yet it may be had by all. We guarantee that Electric Bitters, it used according to directions and the use persisted in, will bring you good digestion and oust the demon dyspepsia and install instead eupepsy. We recommend Electric Bitters for dyspepsia and all diseases of liver, stomach and kidneys. Sold at 50c and $1 per bottle by A. Wadsworth, druggist.

## STATE NEWS.

The principal streets of Asheville are to be paved.

The new trial of ex-Priest Boyle begins at Raleigh March 28th.

A site for the Presbyterian Synodical Orphanage has been bought at Charlotte for $4,000.

It is said that over $85,000 worth of stock is held by Raleigh in various building and loan associations.

Col. W. W. Dudley, the politician and capitalist, has made a visit to Greensboro with a view to the prospective iron works.

There are now in jail at Morganton no less than seven prisoners who are charged with murder awaiting trial at the next term of court.

There are now 240 preachers in the North Carolina M. E. Conference and the membership of the denomination in this State numbers about 92,000.

J. H. Cook, editor of the Concord Standard, received the prize offered by the State Department of Immigration for the best article descriptive of a North Carolina county.

North Carolina now has sixty Young Men's Christian Associations. These are expected to have 200 delegates at the State Convention to be held at Goldsboro on March 18th.

John P. Davis, a white man who was convicted last Friday at Pittsboro of the murder, last November, of John A. Horton his employer and room-mate, was sentenced to be hanged on Friday, March 28, at Pittsboro.

An engine boiler at Poell & Holloman's saw mill at Ahoskie, Hertford county, exploded a few days ago, instantly killing the colored fireman, and putting out the eyes of Mr. Wright Poell and injuring another man.

Tarboro Southerner says: The Texas fever has broken out afresh. In this vicinity there is not much to speak of, but in the neighborhood of Battleboro some farms are deserted and the negroes are at Battleboro waiting for a train to take them away.

Senator Vance says a constituent of his in a pine woods district to whom he sent a copy of one of the Patent Office annual reports, spoke to him of the occurance in this way: "Gineral, I got them speeches o' yourn, but I couldn't read 'em through. Thar was a leetle to much Whig dosterin into 'em."

Mr. Thomas A. Edison has engaged a suit of rooms in Charlotte, N. C. for a year. They will be for the use of himself and his experts during the next twelve months to pursue their mining investigations among the mines of southwestern North Carolina, which he declares is the richest mineral region on the globe.

The penitentiary farm on the Roanoke river is assuming large proportions. The general supervisor reports that the new quarters for the convicts are nearly ready. There are 196 hands on the farm, 70 on the Halifax side and 126 on the Northampton side. They will work 75 horses, will plant 1000 acres in cotton, 800 acres in corn, 400 acres in clover, 400 acres in oats, and have now 100 acres in wheat, besides some rye and clover already in.

During the World's Cotton Exposition at New Orleans, in 1884-5, North Carolina had the best exhibit of fish and fishing implements of all the States represented. Not only her commercial fishes were shown, but all indigenous fishes, coastwise and inland. Mounted specimens were represented, so exquisitely prepared by the taxidermist that they attracted wide comment. By this exhibit the fishing resources and capabilities of North Carolina were illustrated, and their coming importance foreshadowed.

Rev. Geo. A. Sparrow, who was converted while evangelist Fife was here, and licensed last week by Albemarle Presbytery to preach, filled the Presbyterian pulpit Sunday and evening. His sermons were eloquent pathetic at times, instructive, thoughtful. To say that Mr. Sparrow succeeded better than we expected would be untrue for knowing him long, and having the highest opinion of his ability as a speaker and thinker, we had placed our estimate at the top notch. We predict a long and brilliant life of usefulness for Mr. Sparrow in his new calling—Washington Gazette.

### CONSUMPTION SURELY CURED.

*To the Editor*—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thonsands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my medicine FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and postoffice address. Respectfully, T. A. Slocum, M. C. 181 Pearl St., New York.

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BRAIS AND PUSH ALWAYS TELL.—The Sunday edition of The Press (N. Y.) is making rapid strides forward and has already placed itself on a footing with—if it has not distanced—its older cotemporaries. The Sunday Press consists of 20 pages, which are replete with well written and handsomely illustrated articles on subjects of timely interest. The Press although the youngest daily newspaper published in New York has won the distinction of being the brightest, newsiest and best edited journal in the metropolis. Brains and push always tell.


Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE


SOME NEW YORK SOCIETY SECRETS:—A writer in Frank Leslie's Weekly last week devotes nearly a page to letting in some sunlight on New York Society. This topic is the "Evolution of the Bradley-Martins," who recently gave the $50,000 ball at the metropolis. It is mighty spicy reading. Leslie's is full of good pictures, including illustrattons of the processes of heavy gun manufacture at Washington, the dog show at New York, a splendid page of foreign pictures, Andrew Carnegie's free library at Alleghany City, several pages illustrating Colorado interests, and a full page of illustrations of Springfield, O. Several columns are devoted to an interesting article on "The Marvelous Growth of tChicago."

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Less than half a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup cured me of a severe brouchial affection. H. S. HODSON, 46 Hanover st, Balt. Md.

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Don't!—If a dealer offers you a bottle of Salvation Oil without labels or wrappers, or in a mutilated or defaced package, *don't touch it*—don't buy it at any price. Insist upon getting a *perfect, unbroken, genuine package*. Price 25 cts a bottle.

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BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

Cures Indigestion, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Nervousness, and General Debility. Physicians recommend it. All dealers sell it. Genuine has trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

### Subscription Laws.

Dr. Tuckermen, editor of the *Workman*, Cleveland, O., has taken some pains to collect and complete the decisions of the United States Court on this subject, and gives the result of his investigations the following:

1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary are considered as wishing to renew their subscriptions.

2. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their periodical, the publisher may continue to send them until all arrearages are paid.

3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their periodicals from the post-office to which they are directed they are responsible until they have settled their bills and ordered them discontinued.

4. If subscribers move to other places without informing the publisher, and the papers are sent to the former address, they are held responsible.

5. The courts have decided that refusing to take periodicals from the office or removing and leaving them uncalled for is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.

6. If subscribers pay in advance they are bound to give notice at the end of the time if they do not wish to continue taking it; otherwise the publisher is authorized to send it and the subscriber will be responsible until an express notice with payment of all arrearages is sent to the publisher.

The latest postal laws are such that newspaper publishers can arrest any one for fraud who takes a paper and refuses to pay for it. Under this law the man who allows his subscription to run along for some time unpaid and then orders it discontinued, or ordert the postmaster to mark it "refused," and have a postal-card sent notifying the publisher, leaves himself liable to arrest and fine, the same as for theft.

### SHERIFF'S SALE.

NORTH CAROLINA—Pasquotank County In the Superior Court:

J. R. Brown and others, Plaintiffs, vs Selim Sutton and others, Trustees of Colored Normal School, Defendants,

By virtue of an execution directed to the undersigned from the Superior Court of Pasquotank County, in the above entitled action, I will on Monday the 3d day of March, 1890, at 12 o'clock, m. at the Court House door of said county, sell to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy said execution, the following described lot, to-wit; Situated on Brown street on the south and Gaskin's street on the west, in Elizabeth City, N. C., known as the Colored Normal School lot and Building.

This January 29th, 1890.

T. P. WILCOX,
Sheriff Pasquotank Co

### NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

The undersigned have entered into partnership to carry on the UNDERTAKER'S Business at this place as the successors of the late John H. Ziegler, and at the old stand. In accordance with the wish of the said deceased, expressed in his last will and testament, the business will be conducted in the name of "JOHN H. ZIEGLER" as heretofore.

We will endeavor to serve the public in our line of business upon the same principles of fairness and honesty as were always observed and acted upon by our honored predecessor.

☞ A full supply of Metalic Coses, Cloth covered and Wooden Caskets kept on hand

March 6, 1889.

CHRISTINA ZIEGLER.
FRED H. ZIEGLER.


Only $20. FAVORITE SINGER.

Drop leaf, fancy cover, large drawers, nickel rings, full line attachments. Sent on trial. Buy of Manufacturers to get new machines. Warranted 5 years. CO-OPERATIVE SEWING MACHINE CO. 269 S. 11th St., Philadelphia, Pa. ☞ We Pay Freight. ☜

High Arm $25.00

VICK'S 1890 FLORAL GUIDE.

The Pioneer Seed Catalogue of America, contains complete list of Vegetables, Flowers, Bulbs, Potatoes and Small Fruits, with descriptions and prices. Department of Specialties and all Worthy Novelties. Same shape and style as proved so satisfactory last year. Many new and elegant illustrations, handsome colored plate 8x10½ inches, and frontispiece. Special Cash Prizes $1000.00; see Floral Guide. Every person who owns a foot of land or cultivates a plant should have a copy. Mailed on receipt of 10 cents, which amount may be deducted from first order. Abridged Catalogue Free. Pure Stocks. Full Measure. Prices Low for Honest Goods.

JAMES VICK, SEEDSMAN, Rochester, N. Y.


### A VALUABLE WATER MILL FOR SALE.

The valuable water mill, known as "Goodwin's Mill," situated in Belvidere Township, Perquimans county, N. C., is now offered for sale to effect a division of the property. It is located in the midst of a fine timber section of country. The facility for transfer of timber to mill and lumber to market is good. Market for grain is unsurpassed. Mill is in good repair. Terms, $2500, $1000 cash, and $500 and interest each year for three years. Title good. For further particulars apply to the undersigned at Belvidere, Perquimans county, N. C.

Sept. 25th, 1889. RUFUS WHITE.


DREW'S YEAST POWDER (FULL WEIGHT PURE)

Superior to all Substitutes For raising and making Light, Digestible Biscuits, Bread, Tea Cake, Pies, Muffins, Waffles, Johnny Cake, Corn Bread, Short Cake, Pot Pies, Dumplings, Boiled Puddings and Buckwheat. ¼ pound cans 5 cents. Sold by Country Merchants. Drew Manufacturing Co., BALTIMORE, Md.

THIS PAPER is on file in Philadelphia at the Newspaper Advertising Bureau Agency of Messrs. N. W. AYER & SON, our authorized agents.


## New York Tribune for 1890,

### New Features.

### A Brilliant Year Ahead.

During 1890 the New York Tribune will be greatly improved in quality and made more lively, fresh and readable than ever before in its history. Among the special contributors during 1890 will be:

Andrew Carnegie, "Principles of business Success."
Gail Hamilton, "European Monarchs."
Terence V. Powderly, "Restriction of Immigration."
Chauncy M. Depew, Senator John J. Ingalls, Mrs. John A. Logan, Rev. Dr. John R. Paxton and others topics not announced.
Albert Griffin, "Temperance Among Germans," a new view.
Judge A. W. Tourgee, "The Colored Race in America."
S. C. T. Dodd, "The Advantages of Trusts."
"Josiah Allen's Wife," "The Small Salaries of Country Clergymen."
Senator Wm. M. Stewart, of Nevada, "Unlimited Silver Coinage."
Fred S. Tallmadge on "Men of the Revolution."
Kate Field, "Mormon Question."
Erastus Winman, "Successes and Failures Among Business Men."
Rev. Edward Everett Hale, "The New England of to-day."
Bishop Henry C. Potter, "Rural Reinforcement of City Population."
Geo. W. Cable on "Some Strange Legislation in the South."
Marshall P. Wilder, "Humor of England and America."
* * * * * "Evils of Trusts."
Henry W. Grady, of the Atlanta Constitution, "Chances for Capital in the New South."
I. C. Russell, U. S. Geographical Survey. "Highest Peaks of the U. S.
W. M. Grosvenor, "Gold and Silver as Money."
L. E. Quigg, "What is Left of our Public lands."
Emily Huntington, "Household Science
Ernest Whitney, "Peculiarities of American Pronounciation.
Prof. Wm. Pepper, President of University of Pa. "A college education good for all; what is best for those who cannot get it.
M. Y. Beach, "Slayer of 430 Bears.

☞ Other contributors will be announced hereafter. The articles will cost many thousands of dollars and will appear in the Tribune only.

### Soldiers' Stories.

The Tribune will also print, in addition to its regular G. A. R. and S. of V. page, a number of entertaining stories of actual experience in the war, not less than 25 in number, each a page of the Tribune in length, by privates and officers of the union; with a rank not higher than that of Captain. Veterans are invited to contribute to this series of stories. Every one accepted will be paid for at regular newspaper rates. Prizes of $250, $150 and $75 will be paid for the best three. Manuscripts must be enclosed to "The Tribune, N. Y." and inscribed "Soldiers Department."

### Papers on Farming.

In addition to our regular and extremely interesting agricultural department (two pages a week), The Tribune will print a number of long and carefully prepared articles on particular branches of farming, written by practical experts. Farmers who want to make money out of their farms must read these special discussions in The Tribune.

### The Best Tribune Ever Seen

will be supplied to readers during the coming year.

A large number of desirable and novel premiums are added to our list, and they are offered at terms which will enable our readers to obtain them practically at whole sale rates. Send 2c stamp for our 20 page catalogue,

### Valuable Prizes.

One hundred special prizes will be distributed on May 1, 1890, among the club agents who have, up to that date, sent in the largest 100 clubs of local Weekly and Semi-Weekly subscribers. These prizes will include a $700 Piano, a $200 Cabinet Organ, a $150 Solitaire Diamond, a free trip to New York with expenses there paid etc, being worth a total of $2,440.

Prizes are fully described in our new 20 page catalogue; send 2c for a copy.

☞ Sample copies of The Tribune free.

**Subscription Rates:** Weekly, $1 a year. Semi-Weekly, $2. New subscribers receive the paper until January 1, 1890 free. Daily, $10 a year. Library of The Tribune Extras, 12 numbers a year, $1.

THE TRIBUNE. New York.

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### 1890.

### Harper's Magazine.

*ILLUSTRATED.*

A new Shakespeare—the Shakespeare of Edwin A. Abbey—will be presented in Harper's Magazine for 1890, with comments by Andrew Lang. Harper's Magazine has also made special arrangements with Alphonse Daudet, the greatest of living French novelists, for the exclusive publication, in serial form, of a humorous story, to be entitled "The Colonists of Tarascon: the last Adventures of the Famous Tartarin." The story will be translated by Henry James, and illustrated by Rossi and Myrbach.

W. D. Howells will contribute a novelette in three parts, and Lafcadio Hearn a novelette in two parts, entitled "Youma," handsomely illustrated.

In illustrated papers, touching subjects of current interest, and in its short stories, poems and timely articles, the Magazine will maintain its well-known standard.

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BEST QUALITY SILK SEAL PLUSH CLOAKS, $18.50.

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A. H. AGNEW, Alexandria, Va.

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HINCHMAN SON & CO
Wholesale Commission Dealers

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☞ North Carolina Shad a Specialty. No Agents.

A. W. HAFF,
Successor to
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Wholesale Commission Dealer
In Fresh Fish, Lobsters,
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NO. 12 FULTON FISH MARKET,
NEW YORK.
☞ North Carolina Shad a Specialty No Agents,

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WHOLESALE GROCERS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS
And Dealers in Fish,
RICHMOND, VA.

Consignments of North Carolina Herring solicited, and proceeds remitted in cash On account of our intimate acquaintance, and frequent transactions with the Grocery trade of the West and South we are able to handle North Caroina Fish to the very best possible advantage, and we are known everywhere as the largest distributors in this market.

1890 Shad Season. 1890
J. H. Harris
— WITH —
CALEB HALEY & CO
Wholesale Commission Dealers and Shippers of all kinds of
FRESH FISH.
14 Fulton Fish Market,
New York.
Special attention given to the sale of **North Carolina Shad** and all other choice Fish caught in the waters of the Old North State.
Stencils and stationary furnished upon application,

SAMUEL, B. MILLER. CLARENCE G. MILLER
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FISH DEALERS,
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Shad a Specialy. Stencils and stationary furnished on application.

S. L. STORER & CO,
Wholesale Commission Dealers and Shippers of all kinds of
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☞ Stencils and Stationary furnished on application.

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Wholesale Commission Dealers in
FRESH FISH
Game and Terrapin,
☞ Special attention paid to sale of North Carolina Shad.
Nos 9, 10, 36 & 37 Dock Street
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
☞ Consignments solicited and Shipping Orders promptly attended to.

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Steam
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MONUMENTS, ETC.
Marble and Slate Mantels, Wainscoting Encaustic and Marble Tiling, Furniture & Counter Slabs, Etc., Etc.
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BALTIMORE, MD.

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L. F. ZIEGLER, Ag't, Edenton, N. C.

The Mormon Elders' Book [illegible] mailed free to any address. Edison & Co., Box 913, Portland, Maine.

LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE, with its many and excellent contents, is a library in itself. It was indeed a happy thought to print an entire novel in each number.

Not a short novelette, but a long story such as you are used to get in book form and pay from one dollar to one dollar and a half for.

Not only that, but with each number you get an abundance of other contributions, which gives you a good magazine besides the novel.

It does not follow in old beaten paths,—which is an easy task,—but is perpetually discovering new and pleasant ones, and following them too.

The ringing blows which have been struck on the gateway of popular favor, have resounded throughout the entire land, and to-day Lippincott's Magazine stands in the front rank of monthly publications, and is the most widely-read-and-talked-of publication of its kind in the world. For full descriptive circulars, address

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THE ONLY ABSOLUTELY INDELIBLE INK
THE ETHIOPIAN CAN NOT CHANGE HIS SKIN NOR THE LEOPARD HIS SPOTS."
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ALSO MANUFACTURERS OF
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PEERLESS DYES ARE THE BEST FOR BLACK STOCKINGS
FINE COLORS THAT NEITHER SMUT WASH OUT NOR FADE
CAN ONLY BE MADE BY USING
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SOLD BY DRUGGISTS
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—MADE FROM FLOWERS IN THE—
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DOUSSAN'S
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In 1 oz. Sprinkler-Top Bottles,
EACH 65 CENTS.
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All 50 cents per bottle. PICCIOLA!
The most delicate and most lasting odors made. Our trade-mark patented on every label.
"Delicate as a cobweb, Lasting as Dublin's."
☞ If your druggist don't keep them send amount to us and we will forward prepaid.
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FAVORITE SINGER
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ONLY $20.
DELIVERED AT YOUR HOME.
EXCELS ALL.
Our Favorite Singer
Drop Leaf, Fancy Cover, Large Drawers, Nickel Rings, Tucker, Ruffler, Binder, Four Widths of Hemmers.
Sent on one week's trial. Delivered in your home free of freight charges. Buy only of Manufacturers. Save Canvassers' Commissions. Get New Machines. Address for Circulars and Testimonials,
Co-operative Sewing Machine Co.,
219 Quince Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

A $20 A Day Man!
A VOICE from Ohio. Here is a testimonial of Mr. Garrison, of Salem, Ohio. He writes: "Was at work on a farm for $20 a month. I now have an agency for E. C. Allen & Co.'s albums and publications, and often make $20 a day." (Signed) W. H. GARRISON.
William Kline, Harrisburg, Pa., writes: "I have never known anything to sell like your albums. Yesterday I took orders enough to pay me over $25. W. J. Elsmore, Bangor, Me., writes: "I take an order for your albums at almost every house I visit. My profit is often as much as $20 for a single day's work. Others are doing quite as well; we have not space to give extracts from their letters. Every one who takes hold of this grand business piles up grand profits. Shall we start YOU in this business, reader? Write to us and learn all about it for yourself. We are starting many; we will start you if you don't delay until some other gets ahead of you in your part of the country. If you take hold you will be able to pick up gold fast. 27 Head of Families out of every 100 will buy our $2.50 Family Photograph Albums and to be sold to the people for $2 each. Bound in Royal Crimson Plush Velvet, Finish, Charmingly decorated insides. Handsomest albums in the world. Largest Size. Greatest bargains ever known. Agents wanted. Liberal terms. Big money for agents. Any one can become a successful agent. Sells itself on sight—little or no talking necessary. Wherever shown, every one wants to purchase. Agents take thousands of orders with rapidity never before known. Great profits await every worker. Agents are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men. Young men can do as well as any one. Full information and terms free, to those who write for same, with particulars and terms for our Family Bibles, Books and Periodicals. After you know all, should you conclude to go no further, why no harm is done. Address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

OUR NEW $85 Solid Gold Watch FREE.
$100.00. Best $85 watch in the world. Perfect timekeeper. Warranted heavy, SOLID GOLD hunting cases, both ladies' and gent sizes, with works and cases of equal value. ONE PERSON in locality can secure one free, together with our large and valuable line of Household Samples. These samples, as well as the watch, are free. All the work you need do is to show what we send you to those who call—your friends and neighbors and those about you—that always results in valuable trade for us, which holds for years when once started, and thus we are repaid. We pay all expense, freight, etc. After you know all, if you would like to go to work for us, you can earn from $200 to $500 per week and upwards. Address, Hallett & Co., Box 913, Portland, Maine.

*WHAT WE WANT.*

*We want weekly information from every county of the Albemarle District, of every and all-new enterprises starting or established, improvements of all kinds, everything connected with the development of this section and the upbuilding of the people. Send us short, plain statements, as often as may be. The CAROLINIAN is interested in the material advancement of this section of Eastern North Carolina, and it will gladly publish all matters of the kind indicated.*

## DIRECTORY.

### THE CITY.

Mayor—W. C. Glover. Commissioners—J. B. Flora, J. B. Brockett, Zephaniah Burgess, Will G. Underwood and Emanuel Davis. Clerk—J. W. Albertson jr. Treasurer—Inc's R. Munn. Constable and Collector—A. West. Attorney—E. F. Aydlett.

Collector of Customs—Palemon John. Postmaster—Wm. C. Davis.

CHURCHES.

Methodist—Rev. E. M. Jordan, Pastor. Baptist—Rev. C. A. G. Thomas, Pastor. Episcopal—Rev. L. L. Williams, Rector. Presbyterian—Not yet regularly supplied.

COLORED. Methodist—Rev. J. S. Caldwell, Pastor. Baptist, Corner Stone—Elder Z. H. Berry, Pastor.

LODGES.

Masonic: Eureka Lodge, No. 317—T B. Wilson, W. M, E. F. Lamb, Sec'y. S. S Fowler, Treasurer.

Odd Fellows: Achorce Lodge, No. 1—Geo. W. Twiddy, N. G., H. C. Hill, Sec'y, J. F. Sanders, Treasurer,

Royal Arcanum: Tiber Creek Council, No, 1209—Fred. Davis, Regent; M. B. Culpepper, Secretary, C. E. Kramer, Treas'r.

American Legion of Honor—J. D. Filmer, Commander; Zenas Fearing, Secretary, G. W. Bell, Treasurer.

Knights of Honor—John H. Burgess, Dictator; Wm. Towe, Reporter; Ed. Davis, Treasurer.

U. S. Benevolent Fraternity—E. F. Aydlett, President; C. E. Kramer, Recording Secretary; C. A. Banks, Financial Secretary; T. B. Wilson, Treasurer.

### THE COUNTY.

Commissioners: F. M. Godfrey, Chairman, C. H. Robinson, D. L. Bradford, Eli Bot Whitehurst and J. T. Spence. Sheriff, Thos F. Wilcox. Superior Court Clerk, John P. Overman. Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper. Treasurer, Geo. W. Cobb. Board of Education, J. W. Albertson jr., R. B. Creecy jr., and N. E. Jones. Superintendent of Public Instruction, S. L. Sheep


—MISCELLANEOUS.—

DR. R. H. McINTOSH
*Physician & Surgeon,*
Office on South Road Street,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

J.W. ALBERTSON. J.W. ALBERTSON JR.
J. W. ALBERTSON & SON,
Attorneys and Counselors-at-Law
Practice in the Superior Courts of the Albemarle District, and the Supreme and Federal Courts of the State

T. P. WHITE,

BOOT & SHOEMAKER
2d door North of Poindexter street Bridge, near the Depot
Patching and Mending Rubber Boots a specialty.

GEO. W. BELL.
Gun-Smith,
*At the Old Stand on Road Street*
ELIZABETH City, N. C.

F. M. COOK,

JEWELER.
East Main Street,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Home-Made Tin-Ware,
—BY—
H. O. HILL,
The Tinner,
Fearing St. Dock, Elizabeth City, N. C.
And GUTTERING, ROOFING, and all kinds of Work pertaining to the business done by skilled workmen.

IT'S TIME
You began to think of your Fall Trading Friend, and when you think of that, you can think of
Moses Weisel's Stock,
which offers everything in the choice o Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats etc., that can delight the eye or please the heart of the buyer,
MOSES WEISEL'S QUOTATIONS
Are the lowest that can be made on all kinds of goods, the lowest prices are promised to every buyer, and I will see that the promise holds good. If you are wise
YOU WON'T LOSE A MINUTE.
But hustle right off and get the pick of the ce New Goods that are offered at
MOSES WEISEL'S,
Corner Main & Water sts, Elizabeth City

—HOTELS.—

New Albemarle House,
Elizabeth City, N C.
FRANK M. GRICE. Prop'r
TERMS: $2. & $2.50 Per Day

The attention of the traveling public i invited to this large and elegant Hote It has been refited and made firtt cla It is centrally located, within a block o the telegraph and post offices, and conve nient to the railroad and steamboat
The Proprietor will spare no effort to mak the ALBEMARLE a genuine *Home* for h patrons. The rooms are large well furnished and carefully kept, and the table is of the best.
Electric Bells have been introduced.

WOODARD HOUSE
EDENTON' N. C.
This well-established HOTEL still offer first class accommodations of the travel ng public,
FIRST CLASS BAR ATTACHED
Sample Room for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances Furnished when Desired Free Hacks to all Transand Steamer
*Terms Reasonable.*
J. L. ROGERSON, Proprietor

--Eagle Hotel,--
Hertford, - - - - - N, C.
Joseph H. Long, Prop'r.
New Furniture, New Servants and ever thing First Class.
Free Hack to and from Depot to Passengers stopping at the Hotel.



# The North Carolinian.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1890.


Spur up.

Be lively now.

The "early bird" is seldom left.

See change in the schedule of the Railroad.

Dr. W. J. Leary, of Edenton, died on the 21st.

The farmers are getting well on with their work.

The most of the large seines on Croatan and the lower Sound began yesterday.

Waters & Sons are as busy, now, as beavers. They are catching and shipping fish every day.

Lieut. W. A. Failing and Capt. C. A. Abbey have been spending the past week inspecting the Life Saving Stations on the coast.

Mr. Willis G. Banks, of Powell's Point, has secured a site on the opposite side of the river from Water street., on which he proposes to erect sheds and embark in the oyster shucking business.

It is with a feeling of sadness that we chronicle the death, at Wake Forest College, on the 18th inst. of Miles W. Cooper, one of the promising young men of this county. The CAROLINIAN sincerely condoles with the afflicted parents, relatives and friends.

The local School Committee, Messrs. John P. Overman, F. M. Cook and T. B. Wilson, have purchased a lot of Mr. D. S. Kramer on the Northern extension of Martin street, 300 x 120 feet, for a new public school building. The cost of the lot is $500. They propose at once to begin work on the building. Let it be a neat and comfortable one.

The new Hotel at Nag's Head is nearing completion, P. S. Shipp, contractor, is making it a good job. It will be far the best Hotel ever erected at this famous summer Resort. A magnificent pier is being built and other improvements are being made. The CAROLINIAN feels an interest in this enterprise and congratulates the Company engaged in it on the bright prospects before them.

It turned out that the party arrested at Plymouth by Mr. Thomas M. Riddick, referred to in last week's CAROLINIAN, though answering very well to the description of the forger, proved not to be the man wanted and was released. As the matter goes into Court we refrain from comments except to add:

—A man commits a felony and flees. His victims publish a description of him and offer a reward for his apprehension. This is seen by a person who has noticed a stranger in the community answering the description and, who, in addition makes conflicting statements and acts suspiciously. He arrests him, takes him before a magistrate who, after a hearing, commits him to await identification. It turns out to be a case of mistaken identity. The question arises. Is any man justified in making an arrest under such circumstances? If not, how are absconding criminals to be captured?

As we occasionally take a walk along the River front from Shepherd street on the South to Knobb's Creek on the North, we are led to wonder what some of the passed and gone "citizens of the hamlet"—those who twenty years ago did business and owned the property along the line—would have to say could they bodily re-appear and see the wonderful changes that have taken place! Among them we mention Capt Tim Hunter, Col. John S. Burgess, Capt. Jos. S Lawrence, John J. Grandy and others. We used to tell them that, sooner or later, the entire river frontage would be utilized, but they were skeptical. It has come to pass. And the end is not yet. Instead, the City has only fairly started on its march of progress. As the files of the CAROLINIAN, running back over twenty years, show, we have always had faith in the ultimate growth of Elizabeth City. We have not been mistaken.

The CAROLINIAN has always advised that all the houses and people of Elizabeth City should be included within its corporate boundaries. But for local partizan purposes, those who are permitted to manage the Democratic "machine" have so fixed the limits that over 1000 of the population have been stricken off—left out. It was foolish and short sighted, as will be seen and felt when the coming census is taken. How will it look in the record and sound abroad for a town that ought to be credited with over 5000 population put down at less than 4000? Not only will this be humiliating to the local pride of every right feeling citizen, but it may very seriously affect us in another way. A bill has been introduced in Congress, and will probably pass, providing for the erection of Government buildings in all towns with populations of 4000 and upwards. If Elizabeth City is left out let the responsibility rest where it rightly belongs.

It is hard to convince a man that he is not an exception to the general rule.

The prosperity of a jest lies very often in the di-gest-ion of him who hears it.

Men who jump at conclusions sometimes go limping back to the starting point.

——Dry goods, boots and shoes at Fowler & Co's. Largest stock and lowest prices. Call and examine.

"Look before you leap" is a good adage. It is brother to the other one, "Think before you act."

On the farm mind is the measure of production, and the product per acre is the measure of the mind.

Podded peas, heads of cabbage and fair sized potatoes are the products of some of the early truckers.

How true it is that many a coffin is covered with roses by hands that never before gave its occupant anything but thorns.

When the boys are made to feel an interest in the science and philosophy of agriculture they will show less disposition to leave the farm.

—— Wise men follow the star that lead to Moses Weisels store.

"Student" inquires the origin of the phrase "War even to the knife." It was the reply of the Governor of Saragoza when summoned to surrender to the French who beseiged that city in 1808. It is also found in Byron's Childe Harold.

——See the childs, misses and ladies Jacks and wraps at Fowler & Co's. Prices to suit.

One who has tried it says there is hardly anything better for the cracked and sore teats of a cow than old boiled linseed oil. It softens them and enters every crack, and then dries, forming a skin which keeps the sore from dirt and the air and allows it to heal rppidly.

——See Fowler & Co's lap robes, large assortment and prices to suit.

We see it stated that a Railway postal clerk who was being physically injured by constant jarring of the car adopted an India rubber sole and heel for his shoe, making him feel as though he was sailing along in a swing. Suppose our friend J. W, Graves, on the Norfolk Southern, try it and report.

——TURNER'S N. C., Almanac, the Old Reliable for sale at Melick's store. Price 10 cents.

The CAROLINIAN hasn't much respect for the man who does not have the courage of his convictions; and for the man who really believes one thing and yet declares another it has a good deal of contempt. Pope expressed it strongly when he wrote:

"Who dares to think one thing and another tell
My heart detests him as the gates of hell."

——A car load of Yellow Seed Oats just received at Robinson & Co's.

To the inquiry of "Historicus" the CAROLINIAN replies: The "War of the Roses" was a civil war that raged in England from the 30 years from 1455 to 1485, in which fell 80 Princes of the blood royal and the greater portion of the ancient nobility of the country. It arose from the dispute as to the succession to the throne of the rival houses of York and Lancaster The badge of the Duke of York was the white rose; of the Duke of Lancaster the red rose. Hence the name given to the war. The red rose triumphed, and the succession of the Lancaster Prince, Henry VII, to the throne, ended the struggle,

——The reason why Robinson & Co, has such a trade is probably because he minds his P's and Q's: Price and Purity; Quantity and Quality People are apt to appreciate the highest in purity when it is associated with the lowest in price,

It is doubtful if there is a paper more sought after and read in this and the adjoining counties than the CAROLINIAN. This does not mean that all those are subscribers, for there is scarce a post office to which it goes at which there are not non-subscribers, and Democrats, too, who regularly inquire, "Has the CAROLINIAN come?" and ask to "glance over it." It isn't any wonder that they want to read it, for in it they find not only a full synopsis of all the news, local and general, but also a feast of good reading and a practical discussion of the current topics of the day. Gentlemen, subscribe! It will only cost you *three cents* a week.

——There was a young woman named Fleet who had bunions all over her feet When she heard the glad news of well fittin shoes, she tumbled right off of her seat. Shoes for all at Mogen Weisel's

On the 19th inst we received a letter from Judge Pool, dated Rio de Janerio, January 20. Being mainly of a private nature, we only make a short extract:

"The duties of the office are of a customs character and the business is enormous. Indeed, the office is among the most important of all the foreign service. The trade of coffee is very large. Invoices of coffee, amounting from $100,000 to $200,000, are frequent. J. W. Darrel & Co and Arbuckle Bros. are the largest American buyers. I understand they sell more coffee than any other firms in the world. I shall try to get an interpreter and go through the Market House and take notes and write you a letter on what may interest the readers of the CAROLINIAN."

W, H. Daily has been appointed Postmaster at Roper City, this State.

Another readable letter from our Boston correspondent appears in this issue.

Frank Gilliam, of Moyock, has been appointed to a place in the Government Printing Building at Washington City.

A wise diversification of crops is one of the elements of successful farming. And our farmers are, more and more, practicing it.

There are two of the important industries of this section—the Fishing and Trucking—now largely dependent upon the weather.

In reply to inquiries, we state that it isn't probable that the appointment of Enumerators of Census will be made before April.

### LOCAL MENTION

Rev. P. W. Melick has returned from his visit North.—Col. Jones, of Nag's Head, dropped in on Friday. He reports the catches of fish improving.—All the Lumber Mills are as busy as they can be.—Mr. F. M. Grice and C. W. Grandy esq. left on Friday on a trip to Montgomery, Ala.—There have been quite a number of strange faces in the City during the past week.—It was at one of the Sabbath Schools. To the inquiry of the teacher, "What is more to be desired than riches?" the answer, in chorus, was "Nothin'."—The Pasquotank Rifles were out on parade on Friday evening. They made, as usual, a fine appearance. Elizabeth City is justly proud of her "soldier boys."—The stuccoed front of the Aydlett building, on North Water street, very much improves its appearance.—A German Laundery has been opened here.—For neat and cheap job printing come to this office. —There are now four extensive oyster shucking establishments in active operation here. They are Hemmiger & Co. and A. J. Read at Zimmerman's Wharf; Fenerstien & Co. on Robinson's Wharf, and Ironmonger Bros, on Aydlett's Wharf.—Mr. T. B. Garner, at one time Foreman of the CAROLINIAN and the founder of the *Economist*, after an absence of over four years, is back on a visit.—Miss Bessie Zimmerman, of Frederick, Md, is visiting her friend Miss Mattie Guirkin.—The upper Hall of the Aydlett building has been rented by the Pasquotank Rifles for an Armory. It is a good location.—There are over 50 vessels, large and small, now regularly bringing fish and oysters here.—Andrew Brown esq, of Buffalo, N. Y., President of the Eastern Carolina Land and Lumber Co., was in the City during the past week.—Miss Mann and Miss McCormick, of Philadelphia, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Melick.—The colored Methodist through the diligent and energetic efforts of their Pastor, Rev. J. S. Caldwell, have now a neat and comfortable church edifice here.—There has been much less wood and coal needed for fuel this winter than for many years which has been a blessing to the poor, —Capt. A. S. Conklin, of the Mary E. Roberts, gave us a pleasant call on Monday.—The Government Sloop Alert left on Monday on another trip to supply the Life Saving stations with supplies.—Mr. Jas. Blades, of the firm of Morris, Blades & Bro. is in the City.—Mrs. J. E. Ayers, of Plymouth, is visiting the family of Mr. E. J. Barco.—On account of the inclement weather the Missionary meeting that was to be held last Sunday afternoon at the Methodist Church, was postponed until next Sunday night,—

Words are not always made good by deeds, Oft the two are at variance quite.
More are welcomed to the one who succeeds Than the poor "under dog" in the fight.
—We had the first thunder shower of the season on Monday night.—The hotel registers indicate an increase of travel.—Col. A. L. Jones, who was down with the "grippe" is up and out again.—Chicken thieves are plying their vocation hereabout.—Who is the biggest fool in town Answer in next week's CAROLINIAN.

The Carolinian Remarks:

That they who ignore and refuse to trust the people are only postponing the day of reckoning.

That white enterprise is laudable there are those, even in Elizabeth City, who would do well to heed the poet's advice:

"Little boats should keep near shore."

The Carolinian Wants:

To see every impediment to the town's progress speedily removed.

To thank the friends who are sending in the names of new subscribers.

### A Scrap of Paper Saves Her Life.

It was just an ordinary scrap of wrapping paper, but it saved her life. She was in the last stages of consumption, told by her physicians that she was incurable and could live only a short time; she weighed less than seventy pounds. On a piece of wrapping paper she read of Dr. King's New Discovery, and got a sample bottle; it helped her, she bought a large bottle, it helped her more, bought another and grew better fast, continued its use and is now strong, healthy, rosy, plumb, weighing 140 pounds. For further particulars send stamp to W. H. Cole, druggist, Fort Smith. Trial bottles of this wonderful discovery free at A. Wadsworth's drug store.

*IF YOUR BACK ACHES*
Or you are all worn out, really good for nothing it is general debility. Try
*BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.*
It will cure you, and give a good appetite. Sold by all dealers in medicine.

### From Our Boston Correspondent.

BOSTON, February 21, 1890.

Editor CAROLINIAN:—We have had no winter. Providence is never backward in surprises, and not doing a thing or too a little against our convenience. We are not a match for everything in this world, though we can build railroads across the Atlantic.

I observe that Dr. Capehart is for giving a bit of spur to the stagnation of corn planters, by shaking before them a few half eagles, and if they fail to wake up things I'd be safe in saying that the people had lost or buried deep in idleness the smartness necessary to a good living.

But before your early peas and potatoes we look for your luscious SHAD that I see piled in long shining rows in our fish stalls. They go quick, as every one wants a Sound shad. It would pay the writer to canoe around the shores of Dare county and see the ivory of the colored fisherman coming in with his dug out full with his morning pick.

About the first thing I'd like to look into would be the philosophy by which he extracted a heavy fish out of the fine delicate twine his net is made of and not break it. There is a good deal of learning in the canoe of our Albemarle colored fishermen. Learning is not an aristocratic rig up, but an open door to all the callings of human life.

Gloucester has sent a Cod fisherman to Norway and Cape Cod has sent a Mackerel catcher to the Cape of Good Hope. Who can show more enterprise than the fishermen? Who has more to be proud of? Sixty Fish Dealers have been Lord Mayors of London, and members of Parliament, and Treasurers of England. Canada has sent a commission to Scotland to get the knack of curing herring. Here it is: Salt the soonest moment possible the fish leave the water. Never let them heat by the sun and air, as in this case the best flavor of the fish is lost, and no doctoring can restore it. The Scotch herring fisheries bring them in $10,000,000.

W. S.

Sympathy is best shown when practical in its application. Therefore when you sympathize with your suffering baby, show it practically by using Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup and thus cure your child. Price 25 cts a bottle. Sold everywhere.

The safest, surest and cheapest remedy yet discovered for that disordered condition of the liver, known as "biliousness" is Laxador. Price 25 cts.


Oyster Shells.

PARTIES wanting Oyster Shells, for fertilizing or filling up purposes, can now be supplied at my Wharf at 3 cents a bushel,
2-19 N. R. Zimmerman.


SHERIFF'S SALE.

NORTH CAROLINA:—Pasquotank County: In the Superior Court.

Guirkin & Co., Plaintiffs, vs. E. J. Morgan, Defendant.

By virtue of an execution issued to me from the Superior Court of Pasquotank county, in the above entitled action, I shall sell at public auction for cash, at the Court House door in Elizabeth City, N. C, on Monday, March 17th, 1890, at 12 m, a certain tract of land, containing two acres, more or less, situated in Providence Township, Pasquotank county, N, C. Bounded as follows: Beginning at the road at Isaac Pritchard's line, running along said Pritchard's line N, W. course 710 feet to a point thence an easterly course to a pine at the road 610 feet, thence down the road a south course 370 feet to place of beginning, to satisfy said execution.
Feb. 12, 1890. T. P. WILCOX,
Sheriff Pasquotank Co.


**Bucklen's Arnica Salve.**

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, ulcers Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cts per box. FOR SALE BY A. WADSWORTH.

Jacob Salomonsky
*The Grandest Display of*
Dress Goods
and
Clothing!
Ever Brought to Elizabeth City

The Stock is complete in every way, comprising of CLOTHING, DRESS GOODS, VELVETS, CASHMERES NOTIONS, BOOTS, SHOES, etc., all of which are guaranteed at the
*Very Lowest Prices.*
His ready made garments are equal to the best custom made, and perfect fits are made in all cases.
A Fine Assortment of
Gents Furnishing Goods.
Store on Water Street
Elizabeth City, - - N. C.

PATENTS.

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for *Moderate Fees.*

OUR OFFICE is opposite the U, S, Patent Office, and we can secure patents in less time than those remote from Washington
Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise if patentable or not free of charge, Our fee not due until patent is secured.
A PAMPHLET, "Howto Obtain Patents" with names of actual clients in your State sent free. Address,
C. A. SNOW & CO.,
OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D C

ESSENTIAL OILS
SASSAFRAS, PENNYROYAL, WINTER GREEN SPEARMINT, &c.
Bought for Net Cash, on receipt and approval, without charge for Commission, Brokerage, etc., by
DODGE & OLCOTT,
86 & 88 WILLIAM, ST., N. Y
2-38.

ADVERTISERS of others, who wish to examine this paper, or obtain estimates on advertising space when in Chicago, will find it on file at 45 to 49 Randolph St., the Advertising Agency of LORD & THOMAS.

DAY'S HORSE POWDER
Prevents Lung Fever and cures Distemper, Heaves, Fevers, &c., &c.
1 pound in each package. Sold by all dealers.

DR. BULL'S BABY SYRUP
Facilitates Teething! Sold at druggists
Price 25 Cts. Regulates the Bowels!

25 A BOTTLE
SALVATION OIL
KILLS PAIN
BULL'S Coughs, Colds, Croup,
Asthma, Whooping Cough, COUGH Incipient Consumption
and for the relief of Consumptive persons
PRICE 25 CTS. SYRUP
For Sale by all druggists.
SMOKE LANGE'S CUBEB CIGARETTES for Catarrh! Price 10 Cts. At all druggists.


—TRAVEL & TRANSPORTATION.—

Norfolk Southern Railroad.

SCHEDULE TAKES EFFECT, VERY 20, 1890.

Mail and Express (Southbound), daily, except Sundays, leaves Elizabeth City at 11:25 A. M, Northbound, leaves at 2:20 P. M.

The Accommodation daily, except Sundays, leaves at 7:00 A. M, and returning, arrives at 9:20 P. M.

The above Trains, which are Nos 1, 2, 3 and 4, arrive and depart from the Depot of the Norfolk Western Railroad at Norfolk.

Close connections at Norfolk with all Rail and Steamer lines.

Through tickets on sale and baggage checked between the principal Stations and Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York by Bay Line and Old Dominion Steamers and N. Y. P. and N. R. R., from Norfolk, and between Norfolk and Washington, Plymouth, Williamston, Windsor and Jamesville,

M. K. KING, General Manager

EASTERN CAROLINA DESPATCH.
FAST FREIGHT LINE.

Regular line of Steamers between Atlantic and North Carolina R. R., Newberne, Washington and Elizabeth City,

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars, and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Despatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk Southern Railroad; Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R. Direct; stock station, Philadelphia, by Pennsylvania R. R., Dock street Station; New York, by Pennsylvania R. R., Pier 7 North river.

T. SELBY HARNEY,
Elizabeth City, N. C. Agent.

Norfolk & North Carolina
Canal Co.,

The Norfolk & North Carolina Canal will admit sharp built vessels drawing five feet water; lighter-built vessels, four feet.

The Locks will admit vessels 96 feet and 16½ breadth of beam.

Rafts secured with chains must not be over 14 feet wide; secured with binder, not over 12 feet wide. They must be well secured to the satisfaction to the Canal authorities.

Steamers will not be admitted without a permit from the Office at Norfolk.

Vessels over 90 feet length and over 15 feet beams (the dimensions called for by the Charter) navigate the Canal at their own risk.

HENRY ROBERT Superintend't.


ICE AND COAL!
RAWLINS, WHITEHURST & CO.
continue to supply ICE both in large and small quantities.
We are now receiving our supply of COAL, and will fill all orders promptly.
All coal is screened before leaving the yard. None but the best handled, and LOWEST PRICES guaranteed.
Office on Water street, Elizabeth City, N.C. FRED DAVIS
4-tf. Agent

PRINTERS' INK.
A JOURNAL FOR ADVERTISERS.
Is issued on the first and fifteenth days of each month, and is the representative journal—the trade journal of American advertisers. It indicates to the inexperienced advertiser how, when, and where he should advertise; how to write an advertisement; how to display one; what newspapers to use; how much money to expend—in fact, discourses on every point that admits of profitable discussion. Advertising is an art practised by many but understood by few. The conductors of PRINTERS' INK understand it, and their advice is based on an experience of more than twenty-five years in placing advertising contracts for many of the largest and most successful advertisers. A year's subscription costs but One Dollar; sample copies Free. Address:—
GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.,
Newspaper Advertising Bureau,
10 Spruce St., New York.

I CURE FITS!
When I say CURE I do not mean merely to stop them for a time, and then have them return again. I MEAN A RADICAL CURE. I have made the disease of
FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS,
A life-long study. I WARRANT my remedy to CURE the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a FREE BOTTLE of my INFALLIBLE REMEDY. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and it will cure you. Address
H. G. ROOT, M.C., 183 PEARL ST., NEW YORK

WHAT SEEING IN MANY MILES ALL UNCOVERED
One of the BEST Telescopes in the world. Our facilities are unequaled, and to introduce our superior goods we will send FREE to ONE PERSON in each locality, a sample. Only those who write to us at once can make sure of the chance. All you have to do in return is to show our goods to those who call—your neighbors and those around you. The beginning of this advertisement shows the small end of the telescope. The following cut gives the appearance of it reduced to

about the fiftieth part of its bulk. It is a grand, double size telescope, as large as is easy to carry. We will also show you how you can make from $25 to $10 a day at least, from the start, without experience. Better write at once. We pay all express charges. Address, H. HALLETT & CO., Box 880, PORTLAND, MAINE.
FREE

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where advertising contracts may be made for it in NEW YORK.

AN IMPORTANT CLUB OFFER
SCRIBNER'S MAGAZINE
SCRIBNER'S MAGAZINE
Gives its readers literature of lasting interest and value. It is fully and beautifully illustrated and has already gained a more than national circulation exceeding 125,000 copies monthly.
PRICE 25 CENTS A NUMBER. $3.00 A YEAR.
SPECIAL ARRANGEMENTS with Messrs Charles Scribners' Sons the Publishers enable us to offer SCRIBNER'S MAGAZINE with the
NORTH CAROLINIAN,
At the low combination price of $4 for both. Address PALEMON JOHN, Elizabeth City, N. C.

Ho! you sleepers! Don't be creepers,
Rub your peepers! Bargain reapers,
Open wide each eye, Now's the time to buy.

Right this Way for Bargains.

Don't be backward in coming forward, and don't fall over yourselves in the rush. We are no robbers; so we won't hold you up. Don't let anybody hold you down. What do we mean? We mean that it's about time for everybody to know that we're on deck again with

A Superb Stock of Winter Goods.

Goods which everybody will want, when the merits of our stock is understood. Our stock is like a baby; for it's all new. It's like a fat man, for it's awful big. It's like a beautiful woman, for it has lots of style. It's like a millionaire, for it's worth lots of money. It's like high-toned women, because it has quality.

LOVE AT FIRST SIGHT

must be the fate of everyone who gazes on these goods; not only because they are handsome, but because they are cheap in every sense of the word. Nobody CAN beat us on stock. Nobody SHALL beat us on price. Buy where you like, but see our stock before you buy. It'll be money in your pocket and in ours too; for you want the best and cheapest and we have it,
Groceries, Hardware, China, Glassware, Rope, Twine, Paints, Oil, Hay, Lime, &c., &c.
AGENTS FOR "NEW LEE" COOK STOVES.
ROBINSON & CO.,
*Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.*

Your Attention is Asked
TO A FEW FACTS!
*Do you know that FLORA carried the largest Stock*
—of GROCERIES, TOBACCO, SNUFF, PAINTS AND OILS—
in the City? This is true beyond doubt. He goes wherever these goods can be had to best advantage, and takes them in such lots as to get them at the lowest possible prices, paying Cash.
Is it any wonder that FLORA'S trade has grown larger and larger until he sells more of thes goods than any House in the City? Throngs are to be seen at almost any time during business hour at this popular Store, all of whom are so well pleased that they they deem it a pleasure to buy of him when in want.
But it is not necessary to come to the store to enjoy this privilege. You can order whatever you wish and know that you are paying the very lowest price for what you get.
*Tobacco and Snuff at Factory Prices. Agent for Dupont's Powder.*
*TO BE HAPPY AND PROSPEROUS, BUY YOUR GOODS OF*
J. B. FLORA,
*Southwest Corner Main and Water Streets,*
Elizabeth City, N. C.

FOWLER & CO.,
Have in Their
FALL & WINTER STOCK.
Furniture, Wares and Stationery.
I have constantly on hand a large and full assortment of
Household Furnishing Goods, Tin-ware, Wooden-ware, Table Cutlery, Queens, Porcelain and French Decorated Ware, Chandeliers, Glassware, Wall-paper, Carpets, Oil-cloths, Glass, &c., &c.
Also Bibles, School Books, Poets and Novels at NEW YORK PRICES! Albums, Sunday School Supplies and all kinds of Stationery very low,
—If You Want to Save Money Call and See Me.—
P. W. MELICK,
Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C

PERFECTION -IN-
BAKING, COOKING and ROASTING.
—BY THE USE OF THE FAMOUS—
OTHELLO RANGE,
WITH OR WITHOUT RESERVOIR, HIGH SHELF OR WATER-BACK.
YOU Can heat your house thoroughly, HEALTHFULLY and ECONOMICALLY with the
TORRID STEEL DRUM FURNACE.
Those who use the TORRID always praise it. Send for FURNACE BOOK giving heating capacity and prices.
ORR PAINTER & CO., READING, PA.

INDURATED FIBRE WARE.
ABSOLUTELY ONE PIECE!
HAS NO HOOPS!
NEITHER PAINTED OR VARNISHED!
NOT AFFECTED BY HOT WATER!
HAS APPEARANCE OF POLISHED MAHOGANY.
PAILS, TUBS, BASINS, PANS, KEELERS; SPITTOONS, SLOP-JARS, WATER-COOLERS, REFRIGERATORS, &c., &c.
LARGE VARIETY OF GOODS.
CORDLEY & HAYES, New York, Sole Agents.
Factories: Portland, Me., Peterboro, N. H., Watertown, Mass., Oswego, N. Y., Lockport, N. Y., Cleveland, Ohio, Winona, Minn.
FOR SALE BY ALL HOUSE-FURNISHING, HARDWARE, GROCERY AND CROCKERY DEALERS.
FULL PRICE-LIST AND CATALOGUE FREE ON APPLICATION

FREE FOR MEN ONLY
One Ten Thousand Trial Packages mailed to you free. These Patients have a large proportion of hemlock in full trial and were restored to health by use of
SEMINAL PASTILLES.
A Cure for Nervous Debility, Organic Weakness and Partial Decay in Young or Middle Aged Men. Tested for Eight Years in many cases they absolutely restore prematurely lost and broken down men to the full enjoyment of perfect and full Manly Strength and Vigorous Health. To those who suffer from the many obscure diseases resulting from Indiscretion, Exposure, Over-Brain Work, or too free Indulgence, we ask that you send us your name with statement of your trouble, and receive a TRIAL PACKAGE FREE, with Illustrated Pamphlet, &c. Address in confidence,
HARRIS REMEDY CO., Mfg. Chemists,
SOLE PROPRIETORS, 306½ N. Tenth Street, ST. LOUIS, MO.
SUFFERING PERSONS can have FREE Trial of our Appliances. Address as above.

THE PASTILLES CURE NERVOUS DEBILITY
VIGOROUS HEALTH
A word like the imposition of pretentious remedies for nervous debility, and all Quacks, whose only aim is to bleed their victims, has been used to such an extent that many CURED PERSONS, even after writing with attention to business, or cause pain or incon venience in any way. Decided on scientific medical principles, by direct application to the seat of disease in specific influence is felt without delay. The natural functions of the human organism restored. The wasted animating elements of life are given back, the debilitated become cheerful and rapidly gain both strength and health
TREATMENT:—One Month, $3. Two Mos. $5. Three, $7

# ACROSS THE WIRES.

## A Batch of Newsy Stories Told By the Telegraph.

### Vitriol Thrown in a Girl's Face and Her Lover Shot.

The town of Erie, Penn., is excited over an attack made by some miscreant upon Miss Emma Fischer, a young lady of prominence and respectability. On a recent evening Miss Fischer went to the door in response to a summons, and a man who stood close by, with masked face, threw oil of vitriol in her face and ran. Dennis McCarty, the young lady's lover, hearing of the outrage, set out to find the man.

About midnight McCarty heard a conversation in an old building, and, on being well satisfied that he was on the track, attempted to enter the door. The men on the inside fired upon McCarty, who was wounded, but the brave fellow pressed on in the direction from which the shots were coming and ordered the would-be assassins to surrender.

They refused, and sent a ball through McCarty's body. He stood by the door, cutting off escape by that channel, hoping that his calls and the shots would secure help, but the vitriol thrower escaped, leaving the evidence of the foul deed behind him. McCarty was painfully, but not fatally wounded. Miss Fischer's eyes escaped the fiery fluid, but she will be disfigured.

#### Wholesale Executions.

Dispatches received in London from China give details of a wholesale execution of criminals in Pekin. The condemned were fourteen in number. They were dressed in red, their hands tied behind them and a heavy chain was fastened around their necks.

At the place of execution the wagons stopped, and an Imperial Commissioner read the decree of condemnation. Nine of the prisoners were to be beheaded and five to be hanged. The former were placed in front of the place destined to receive their bodies. Their faces were painted red, their red clothes were stripped from them, and each one was forced to dig a grave for himself two feet in depth.

The subsequent work of the executioner was speedy, and in a very few moments the nine were beheaded and the five strangled.

The bodies of the later were stretched on the ground, and officers pinned on each a large paper, giving the name and crime of the condemned. Later the bodies were exposed to the prey of carrion birds.

An immense throng flocked to Pekin from the neighboring country to witness the executions.

#### Her Hair Torn From the Scalp.

While Katie Daegler, aged 15, was attempting to adjust a belt at her work-bench in Lauberbach & Co.'s stocking factory at Lancaster, Penn., her hair, which she wore down her back, was caught and she was dragged down to the shaft, her hair torn completely from the scalp, one ear torn off, her face disfigured almost beyond recognition and one arm broken. As soon as the machinery could be stopped she was removed from the shaft around which she had been twisted. Though unconscious she breathed and late in the evening was still alive. Physicians pronounced her case hopeless.

#### Slowly Starving.

Twenty days before this dispatch was written, Samuel L. Bayless, of Fort Wayne, Ind., was almost strangled to death by food which entered his windpipe. It was taken from the trachea and the patient afforded temporary relief. Three days later the muscles of the throat refused to act. Since that time, he had not taken a morsel of food, either liquid or solid. A few injections had been made into the stomach, but these afforded practically no relief. The patient weighed 172 pounds three weeks previous and now weighed 120. Life may be prolonged, but the physicians were expecting death momentarily.

#### Never Forgot the Thrashing.

A young man named Booth, nineteen years old, waylaid Rev. Mike Whisman near Compton, Ky., and fatally cut him with a knife. Whisman lived two hours after receiving his wounds. Booth was accompanied by a man named Sparks. Whisman had once punished Booth while the latter was a schoolboy, and Booth had threatened then to be revenged. He never forgot his fancied wrong. Officers were after the murderer. Wolf County is a mountain county, but it is not a lawless community. Three men have been hanged there for murder within the last two years.

#### Seized an Embodied Spirit.

Three Chicago reporters and a detective attended a dark cabinet seance in that city, and when the proper time arrived one of them seized the embodied spirit and another struck a light. The result was screams and a sensation. Then a patrol wagon drove up and Mrs. Carrie M. Sawyer and Miss Kittie Ranger, who played the parts of spirits, and Frank Burk, manager, were bundled in and carried off to a police station, charged with obtaining money by false pretences.

# A PLUCKY FARMER.

## Seventy Years Old, Yet He Defeats Two Burglars.

One burglar shot dead and another badly wounded is the story of a struggle at a farmhouse, one mile east of Cresline, Ohio.

Shortly after nine o'clock Justin Frengle and his wife, both over seventy years old, were startled by a rap at the door and the announcement from some one without that he had a despatch for Frengle. The door was opened and in rushed two men, one of whom grappled with Frengle and the other threatened Mrs. Frengle with instant death if she made an outcery. She screamed lustily, whereat the burglar seized her, threw her to the floor and attempted to gag her while his accomplice was in a desperate struggle on the floor with Frengle, who is a powerful man despite his years. Frengle finally succeeded in drawing his revolver from his pocket, but unable to shoot his own assailant he took aim at the man who was choking his wife and shot him through the heart. The man struggled to his feet, reeled through the room and fell a corpse just outside the door. The other burglar then released his hold on Frengle and started to flee, but the plucky old man fired a second shot, which caused him to stagger. He got away and disappeared in the darkness, though evidently badly wounded.

The body of the dead burglar was taken to Crestline to await possible identification. The man was about thirty-five years of age and probably a professional burglar. In the struggle he dropped a satchel that was found to contain burglar's tools.

# A BOY'S DOUBLE CRIME.

## He Shoots at His Sweetheart and Then Kills Himself.

Eugene Callahan, of Cheyenne, Wyo., the sixteen-year-old son of poor Irish people, has loved to distraction pretty little Maud Hall, aged fifteen, whom he met at school. She did not care for him and told him so. He brooded much over the affair and the other afternoon, left home on horseback with his revolver, saying if could not have Maud no one else could.

Toward evening he met her coming from church. She greeted him pleasantly and he responded affectionately. Maud turned to continue toward home when Callahan forced his horse almost upon her and fired three shots at her, none of which took effect. He then rode a hundred yards away and killed himself.

The boy was a romantic lad, who would have nothing to do with his hard working brothers, but studied painting and music. His sister, who had been a variety actress, committed suicide with laudanum two years ago.

# WENT TO JAIL FOR PAY.

## A Hired Substitute for the Real Author of a Crime.

The Ohio State prison authorities have just discovered that one of their prisoners is a hired substitute for the real author of the crime. Two prisoners were taken to Springfield to testify in the prosecution of Samuel Landis, a wealthy saloon-keeper, who is accused of receiving stolen goods. In the course of the investigation it was pretty well established that Landis was the guilty man in the case which sent one of the prisoners, James Shehey, up and that he had been hired by Landis, for big pay, to swear the crime on himself and take the punishment. Landis is rich, and it is said has been in prison before, so that he was in danger of being caught under the habitual criminal act should he be sent to prison again and be held indefinitely. Therefore he felt that he could well afford to hire a sub.

BETWEEN 800 and 1000 Indians, credited to the Devil's Lake Agency, in North Dakota, are wholly destitute of everything and in the last stages of starvation. Disease has brought fully one-half of them to the verge of the grave, and the recent inclement weather enhanced their sufferings.

# THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

### Eastern and Middle States.

A SYNDICATE of English capitalists have bought the rubber mills of Trenton, N. J. for $750,000.

THE body of Hiram F. Sawtelle, a missing fruit dealer of Boston, was found in a wood near East Lebanon, Me., and many strong pieces of evidence against his brother Isaac are in possession of the police.

JOHN CAMPBELL, of Newtown, Conn., a wife beater, was taken out at night by four masked citizens and flogged until unconscious.

THE National Bank at Lincoln, Penn., which was plundered by Cashier Bard and F. W. Hull, has closed its doors under the orders of Bank-Examiner Greene.

THE King of Italy has sent to Mayor Hart, of Boston, a communication thanking the Board of Police and Captain Cain and his officers, who risked their lives in rescuing Italians at the recent fire in the city.

A TRUST in farm implements was formed at Utica, N. Y., with a capital of $1,000,000. Five large concerns form the combination.

### South and West.

THE color line has resulted in a split in the Louisiana and Mississippi Department of the Grand Army of the Republic. There are now two sets of officers.

JIM BUTTS and Ed. Johnson, both colored, were hanged at Perry, Ga., for the murder of Captain Miller.

A DEPUTY UNITED STATES MARSHAL was waylaid and shot at Quincy, Fla., by men accused of election frauds.

THE National Electric Light Convention which met at Kansas City expressed opposition to executions by electricity.

THE SALEM (Ill.) National Bank has been robbed of $10,000 in cash and some securities. The burglars drilled through the vault door, entered the vault and blew open the burglar proof safe.

DENNIS HARDRICK, colored, while fighting drunk, fired into a crowd of dancers at Santa Rosa County, Fla., and shot four persons, two men and two women. One of the latter is dead, and the others fatally hurt.

A PASSENGER train on the Monon route collided with a freight train two miles north of Mitchell, Ind., and three men were killed.

TWO Cincinnati Southern freight trains collided at Melville, Tenn., and Engineer H. Crow, and Brakeman William Gray were killed. The collision was caused by the negligence of the flagman.

ONE wing of the insane asylum west of Little Rock, Ark., has been burned. The loss is between $30,000 and $40,000. The four hundred patients were removed to the ground floor, and although an indescribable panic prevailed, there was no loss of life.

THE Terre Haute Milling Company's flouring mill in Indiana has been burned. Loss $100,000.

IT was discovered in Salt Lake City that an attempt had been made to steal the records of the Utah Commission.

THE steamer Louise, of the Jacksonville and Mayport line, ran into an obstruction near Hunter's Mill, on St. John's River, Fla., and was sunk. One man was drowned.

SMALLPOX is spreading in Texas. On one ranch in Duval County sixty-five persons died of the disease. There is a great scarcity of nurses and physicians.

A LOCAL freight train jumped the track at Founding Mill, Va., and the enginner, brake man and another man were killed, and the engine and five cars were wrecked.

A SEMINARY for girls has been burned at San Marcos, Texas, and three of the girls were seriously burned, and thirty others only escaped death by jumping from the third story windows to a gallery, from which they escaped on ladders. Many were hurt in making the jump.

NAPOLEON LAVAL called at the store of B Feldeman & Co., Charleston, S. C., and asked to see his wife, who had been separated from him for some time. When the woman came down, Laval shot her, and then, enter ing the store, shot Feldeman. Both of the victims were fatally wounded.

LATHAM SHOLES, the inventor of the typewriter and a pioneer journalist, died at Milwaukee, Wis., aged 71 years.

ELLISON MOUNTS was hanged at Pikeville Ky., for participating in the murder of Miss Alafair McCoy and her brother.

J. B. KELLY was arrested in St. Louis and identified as J. B. Simonds, wanted for complicity in the murder of Dr. Cronin a Chicago.

THE tobacco establishment and stock of Black & Co., Wheeling, W. Va., estimated to be worth more than $100,000, have been seized by United States officers on account of alleged overfilling of tobacco packages.

### Washington.

THE House Special Committee on World's Fair has reported in favor of building at International Exposition in 1892.

THE Judiciary Committee of the House has ordered a favorable report to be made on an international copyright bill.

A CALL has been issued for a convention of colored business men of the United States to be held in Washington, for the purpose of establishing a permanent organization of colored business men.

THE Senate in secret session confirmed the following nominations: Charles Emory Smith, Minister to Russia; J. Fenner Lee, of Maryland, Secretary of Legation at Rio de Janeiro, and George W. Irvin, Marshal for Montana, and a number of census supervisors and army officers.

SECRETARY WINDOM has terminated the contract between the Government and the Commissioners of Emigration of New York city.

THE President directed Major Calvin C. Sniffen, Paymaster, to temporarily perform the duties of Paymaster-General of the Army, vice General William B. Rochester, retired.

THE President has issued a proclamation directing the removal of all cattle from grazing upon what is known as the Cherokee Outlet in the northern part of the Indian Territory. The removal must be completed by October 1.

### Foreign.

THE beautiful University building of Toronto, has been destroyed by fire. The fire broke out while preparations were being made for the annual conversazione. The University buildings cost $500,000. The library was valued at $100,000.

THE British steamship Ludgate Hill, bound for London from New York, collided with the British steamship Deeside. The latter vessel sank and seven of her crew were drowned.

AT the Australian Conference in Melbourne Sir Henry Parke's motion in favor of Colonial Federation was unanimously adopted.

AT a wedding party at Pontivy, France, the vehicle conveying the bride and bridegroom and a number of their friends was upset and the whole party of twelve were precipitated into the river and drowned.

A RECENT election in Hawaii has resulted in a sweeping victory for the native party.

THE new Sultan of Zanzibar, Seynoid Ali, received all the European residents of Zanzibar, and formally hoisted his flag.

THE passenger steamer Duburg foundered in a typhoon in the China Sea, and her 400 Chinese passengers and crew were drowned. The only traces of her ever seen were floating bundles of rattan that formed part of her cargo.

COUNT JULIUS ANDRASSY, the Hungarian statesman, who has been ill for some time at Volosca, is dead, aged 67 years.

A DUEL, between two officers of the Czar of Russia's hussar guard, at Tsarskoe, in which both were wounded, one fatally, has greatly incensed the Emperor, who intends to make an example of the survivor.

THE passenger steamer Coral Queen has been sunk off the River Tees, England, in a collision with the steamer Brinio. It is reported that sixteen persons on the Coral Queen were drowned.

AT Muhlhausen, in Saxony, there was a fight at a socialist election meeting, which went so far that the soldiers were called to restore order. Thirty persons were wounded.

# MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC.

"LOHENGRIN" has been sung 250 times in Berlin since 1859.

P. T. BARNUM says that 1,500,000 people attended his show in London.

A NEW comedy being played at a Polish theatre is called "The Influenza."

HENRY AUSTIN JONES, the well-known English playwright, is to visit this country in March.

NEXT season Fanny Davenport promises to give Sardou's "Theodora" the handsomest production it has ever had.

"JOAN OF ARC" is to be produced in London in May, with Bernhardt in the title roll and all the French scenery.

MARY ANDERSON has written to William Black, the novelist, confirming the report of her engagement to young Mr. Navarro, of New York.

A DRAMATIC representation of the adventures of Stanley is being prepared for one of the English theatres, which will present it in grand style.

THE Beethoven Society at Bonn, Germany, has acquired the last piano used by the composer, it having been made expressly for him by Conrad Graff.

# FOR FUGITIVE ROGUES.

## Extradition Treaty With England Ratified.

### Manslaughter Defined and False Pretenses Exoluded.

The extradition treaty between the United States and Great Britain, which was negotiated last year by Secretary Blaine and Sir Julian Pauncefote has been ratified by the Senate. Certain changes were made in the language of the document, however, and these will require the consent of the British Government if the treaty is to stand as ratified.

When the treaty was discussed in secret session, some of the Democrats, led by Mr. Gray, made an earnest effort to strike out manslaughter from the list of offences made extraditable. The publication of this fact was very annoying to some of the Senators, who think the public ought to be kept in entire ignorance of their doings. When the treaty was taken up again, behind the closed doors, there was a good deal of fault finding and sharp criticism because some of the Senate secrets had been exposed. Senators, therefore, were disposed to be unusually reticent about the day's proceedings.

It was known, however, as already stated, that amendments were made to the treaty before it was ratified. Mr. Gray's proposal to strike out manslaughter from the new list of offences was defeated by a majority vote. It was argued in behalf of the motion that manslaughter was not the same offense in the two countries, and many decisions of British and American courts were quoted to show the different legal interpretations of manslaughter which the courts have put on record. The arguments did not prove strong enough to induce the Senate to eliminate manslaughter, but it resulted, it is understood, in the insertion of a definition of the offense of manslaughter, as the United States intended it to be understood in carrying out the terms of the treaty. It is not believed that there will be any hesitation on the part of Great Britain in promptly accepting the inserted definition of the offense of manslaughter.

After disposing of the manslaughter provision it was proposed to omit from the list of extraditable offenses the crime of obtaining money, goods, or valuable securities under false pretenses, and over this there was a long discussion, resulting, it is believed, in the adoption of the amendment. These are said to be the only changes of importance made in the treaty, which was ratified by a vote much larger than the necessary two-thirds.

The treaty makes the following crimes extraditable in addition to those specified in the treaty of 1842:

Manslaughter, counterfeiting or altering money or putting the same in circulation; embezzlement, larceny, fraud by bailee, banker, agent, factor, trustee, director, member, or officer of any company made criminal by the laws of both countries; perjury or subornation of perjury; rape, abduction, child stealing, kidnapping; burglary; piracy, by the law of nations; mutiny at sea, wrongfully sinking or destroying a vessel or attempting to do so, assaults on the high seas; crimes and offenses against the laws of both countries for the suppression of slavery and slave trading.

Extradition is not to be had for political offences, nor shall any person surrendered by either party be tried for any other offense than the one for which he was extradited. The treaty shall not apply to any crimes committed before its ratification.

Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British Minister, was greatly pleased with the action of the Senate in ratifying the first treaty he has negotiated, and it has given him fresh encouragement in the work he is now engaged in with Mr. Blaine, of trying to settle the fisheries dispute, the Behring Sea trouble, and the Alaska boundary question. The British Minister was not disposed to spend much time upon these treaties until he had learned something of the temper of the Senate toward the work of Mr. Blaine. From the fact that the Minister has been in daily conference with Mr. Blaine for the previous ten days or more upon the fishery matter, it is inferred that Sir Julian had received assurance that the extradition treaty would be ratified and that the Senate was in the humor to back up the Secretary of State and the Administration.

# LATER NEWS.

AN express train, while passing through Johnstown, Penn., struck and killed two men and fatally injured another. They were walking on the track.

MRS. IDA WALKER, a saloon passenger on the steamship British Princess, which arrived in Philadelphia from Liverpool, committed suicide by taking laudanum, and was buried at sea the following day.

THE count of the votes in Philadelphia showed that John E. Reyburn has been elected to succeed Judge Kelley in Congress.

A SENSATION was created at McKeesport, Penn., by the arrest of Mrs. Giles Collins and daughter for shoplifting. Mrs. Collins is the wife of a leading politician of McKeesport, and is well known.

A BOARDER who was living at the house of William Taylor, near Phillipsburg, N. J., placed a dynamite cartridge in the oven of the kitchen stove. Mrs. Taylor was cooking breakfast, and as she was about to close the oven door the cartridge exploded, fatally injuring her and her two children.

IT is proposed when the statue of General Robert E. Lee reaches Richmond, Va., to place it in a wagon to be drawn through the city by a rope a mile long. Men, and women even, are clamorous to have a hold of the rope.

HOMER H. BROWN, a man sixty years old, who had been confined in insane asylums in Seattle, Wash., for twenty years by his rich brothers, has been declared sane.

THE bill establishing the Australian system of ballot has passed the Washington State Senate.

THE President has approved the joint resolution congratulating the people of Brazil on their adoption of a republican form of government.

JOSEPH GILLS BIGGAR, the well-known Irish Home Ruler and member of the House of Commons for the west division of the County Cavan, died at London, aged sixty-two years.

IN the Canadian House of Commons Mr. Bausoleil's amendments to Mr. McCarthy's bill for the abolition of French as an official language in the Northwest was lost. The amendment was that affairs should remain exactly as they are.

RUSSIA has demanded of the Government of Bulgaria the payment of 3,000 000 roubles, arrears of money due on account of the Russian occupation during 1878 and 1879.

THREE boys—George Bailey, Norman Scofield and Frank Fairchild—were drowned in Silver Lake, Ontario, by the ice breaking while they were skating.

A DISPATCH received states that an explosion had occurred in a colliery near Liecize, France. It was not known how many lives were lost, but already thirty-four bodies had been recovered.

# STRANGLED BY A TOOTH.

## Peculiar Death of a Lady of Dubuque Iowa.

Mrs. L. W. Bradley, the wife of a wealthy citizen, died suddenly at Dubuque, Iowa. While out calling in the afternoon she stumbled, and, in the fall, broke her arm. A surgeon was sent for, and before proceeding to set the arm he administered chloroform. While at work upon the arm he discovered that she was sinking rapidly and soon died without recovering consciousness. It is stated by the physician that an artificial tooth, of which he was unaware, fell down her throat and strangled her.

# SNOW IN TEXAS.

## An Unprecedented Snowstorm Hailed as a Blessing by Farmers.

Dispatches from several widely-separated towns and cities in Texas say that an unprecedented snowstorm has prevailed over a large area of the State, and that snow lies on the ground from 2 to 14 inches deep. It is hailed as a blessing, especially in the western part of the State, where the land was very dry, and all grain crops will be greatly benefited. Stock is in fine condition and will not suffer from cold.

# FIFTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

### In the Senate.

80TH DAY.—About sixty bills were taken from the calendar and passed, among which were the following: Providing for an Assistant Secretary of War, with a salary of $4500. Authorizing the acceptance by Dr. W. J. Hoffman of certain decorations from foreign powers. For the relief of soldiers or sailors who enlisted or served under assumed names. Appropriating $125,000 for a revenue cutter for services on the Pacific coast, with headquarters at Astoria, Ore. Providing for thirty days' annual leave of absence for officers and employes in the Customs service of the Government who receive per diem compensation. Also the concurrent resolution to invite international arbitration as to differences between nations.

40TH DAY.—The Pacific Railroad Funding bill was reported from the Special Committee....Mr. Blair continued his speech on the Educational bill....The Senate bill to establish two additional land districts in the State of Washington was taken from the calendar and passed. The Senate then proceeded to business on the calendar, and passed about two dozen bills, among which was a bill to amend the Revised Statutes concerning the registration of steam vessels, and another to enable the Secretary of the Interior to locate Indians in Florida upon lands in severalty ....Mr. Dawes presented over 240 petitions from Massachusetts stating that more than 800,000 gallons of intoxicating liquors are annually exported from the United States to Africa, and praying that that sort of thing shall be stopped.

41ST DAY.—Mr. Blair continued his speech on his Education bill....In executive session, the British Extradition Treaty was ratified, with two slight amendments.

42D DAY.—The resolution offered by Mr. Chandler, calling on the Attorney-General for information as to the assassination of W. B. Saunders, Deputy United States Marshal in the Northern District of Florida, was taken up, and Mr. Pasco proceeded to address the Senate upon the case....Mr. Blair continued his speech on the Education bill.

### In the House.

44TH DAY.—After the journal had been read and approved, Mr. Chandler, from the Committee on the World's Fair, submitted a report, which was ordered printed and recommitted....The consideration of the rules was then proceeded with, and after a long debate they were adopted by a strict party vote of yeas 161, nays 145.

45TH DAY.—Mr. Dunnell, from the Committee on the Eleventh Census, reported back the Senate bill providing for the ascertainment of the mortgage indebtedness of the country. Mr. Dockery offered an amendment providing that Sections 3 and 6 of the original Census Act shall apply to the provisions of this act. The amendment was adopted, and the bill as amended passed.

46TH DAY.—A resolution of the Special World's Fair Committee, that the World's Fair bills be made a special order for the next Thursday and Friday, and that balloting for site be begun on the following Monday, was adopted....A number of bills and resolutions were introduced, and some were passed.

47TH DAY.—The Pension Appropriation bill was reported. It is made up of the following items: For the payment of pensions, $97,000,761; fees and expenses of examining surgeons, $1,000,000; salaries of agents, $72,000; clerk hire, $220,000; fuel, $750; lights, $750; stationery and other necessary expenses, $25,000; rents, $18,200....The House in Committee of the Whole discussed the Oklahoma bill and the Senate measure providing for an Assistant Secretary of War.

48TH DAY.—Mr. Adams, from the Judiciary Committee, called up the bill to divide the judicial district of North Dakota into four parts. The bill was passed, as was a corresponding Senate bill, with amendments, providing for the division of South Dakota into three parts....In Committee of the Whole the Oklahoma bill was considered, the Senate bill providing for an Assistant Secretary of War was reported favorably and the majority and minority reports in the contested election case at Atkinson against Pendleton were submitted.

# NEWSY GLEANINGS.

BERLIN is now talking of a World's Fair in 1897.

THE wheat crop of Australia is estimated at 86,000,000 bushels.

THERE were seventy suicides, including children, in Berlin during January.

THE railroads of Nebraska have consented to reduce the rates on corn ten per cent.

THE confirmation of the Samoan treaty was received with the greatest satisfaction in Germany.

AN attempt is to be made to import live cattle into France from Buenos Ayres, Argentine Republic.

THE expense involved in determining who was elected Governor of West Virginia was more than $50,000.

THERE are 460,516 unadjudicated and pending claims now on file in the pension office at Washington.

THE raisin yield of California for 1889 is estimated at 38,000,000 pounds, an increase of 12,000,000 pounds over 1888.

IT cost Massachusetts a little over $14,000 to supply and distribute the official ballots at the last election in that State.

A GLOUCESTER (Mass.) schooner sailed recently on an experimental trip for the coast of Norway to engage in codfishing.

THE number of failures in the United States last year was larger and the liabilities greater than for any of the previous five years.

THE Chiapas Colonization and Development Company has planted 300,000 trees in Mexico. The Government is anxious to foster this industry.

FRANCE has declined the invitation of the German Emperor to an international labor conference, as she had already accepted that of Switzerland.

GOVERNOR BIGGS, of Delaware, says the talk about the peach crop being ruined is all nonsense. He considers the outlook for a big crop better than usual.

THE distress from famine in some districts of China has reached such a point that girl babies are taken in baskets and carried around the cities for sale.

THE arrivals of Chinese by the Canadian Pacific Railway steamships from China in British Columbia during the year 1889 were 500 less than the departures for China.

FOSSIL remains are being discovered in large quantities in Florida. A citizen of Orlando has in his possession an exhumed tooth which weighs eight pounds and a half.

THE population of the United Kingdom in the middle of 1889 was estimated at 37,808,892 persons—29,015,613 in England and Wales, 4,077,070 in Scotland and 4,716,209 in Ireland.

AN International Prison Congress is to be held in St. Petersburg, and the Russian Minister pays George Kennan, the *Century* writer, the high compliment to request that he may not be sent as a delegate to represent the United States.

## THE MARKETS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| S | NEW YORK. | | |
| Beeves | 3 95 | @ | 5 00 |
| Milch Cows, com. to good | 25 00 | @ | 45 00 |
| Calves, common to prime | 2 80 | @ | 4 00 |
| Sheep | 5 60 | @ | 5 65 |
| Lambs | 5 00 | @ | 9 00 |
| Hogs—Live | 4 15 | @ | 4 40 |
| Dressed | 4¾ | @ | 7 |
| Flour—City Mill Extra | 4 25 | @ | 4 45 |
| Patents | 4 65 | @ | 5 25 |
| Wheat—No. 2 Red | 84⅜ | @ | 85¾ |
| Rye—State | 57 | @ | 58¼ |
| Barley—Two-rowed State | 50 | @ | 52 |
| Corn—Ungraded Mixed | 24 | @ | 36⅛ |
| Oats—No. 1 White | — | @ | 31 |
| Mixed Western | 26 | @ | 28¾ |
| Hay—No. 1 | 75 | @ | 80 |
| Straw—Long Rye | — | @ | 75 |
| Lard—City Steam | — | @ | 5.70c |
| Butter—State Creamery | 18 | @ | 19 |
| Dairy, fair to good | 10 | @ | 17⅛ |
| West. Im. Creamery | 9 | @ | 21 |
| Factory | 5 | @ | 18 |
| Cheese—State Factory | 8 | @ | 10¼ |
| Skims—Light | 4 | @ | 8½ |
| Western | 7 | @ | 10 |
| Eggs—State and Penn | 15¼ | @ | 16 |
| | BUFFALO. | | |
| Steers—Western | 2 15 | @ | 4 75 |
| Sheep—Medium to Good | 5 45 | @ | 5 60 |
| Lambs—Fair to Good | 6 50 | @ | 6 70 |
| Hogs—Good to Choice Yorks | — | @ | 4 25 |
| Flour—Family | 5 00 | @ | 5 25 |
| Wheat—No. 2 Northern | — | @ | 82¾ |
| Corn—No. 3, Yellow | — | @ | 33 |
| Oats—No. 2, White | — | @ | 27¾ |
| Barley—No. 1 Canada | 65 | @ | 66 |
| | BOSTON. | | |
| Flour—Spring Wheat Pat's. | 5 00 | @ | 5 50 |
| Corn—Steamer Yellow | 36 | @ | 41 |
| Oats—No. 2 White | 30 | @ | 35 |
| Rye—State | 60 | @ | 65 |
| | WATERTOWN (MASS.) CATTLE MARKET. | | |
| Beef—Dressed weight | 5½ | @ | 6¼ |
| Sheep—Live weight | 4¾ | @ | 5 |
| Lambs | 5 | @ | 6½ |
| Hogs—Northern | — | @ | 5 |
| | PHILADELPHIA. | | |
| Flour—Penn. family | 3 40 | @ | 3 75 |
| Wheat—No. 2, Red, Feb | 79½ | @ | 80 |
| Corn—No. 2, Mixed, Feb | 33½ | @ | 33½ |
| Oats—Ungraded White | — | @ | 30 |
| Potatoes—Rose | 53 | @ | 63 |
| Butter—Creamery Extra | 28 | @ | 29 |
| Cheese—Part skims | 7 | @ | 8¼ |

# A RIOT IN KANSAS.

## Sanguinary Election Fight in the Town of Harper.

### A Proposition to Issue Railroad Bonds Results in Bloodshed.

A hundred men or more have had a desperate fight with guns, knives, clubs and various other weapons at Harper, Kan. When the battle ended two men had received their death wound, and nearly a dozen others were cut, bruised or shot, several of them so badly that there is little chance of their recovery.

The trouble grew out of a railroad bond election, and the stealing of their ballot boxes, which have not yet been found. Reports from the scene of the conflict, which is seventy miles southwest of Wichita, agree that a large number of men were badly injured, the list so far as definitely ascertained being as follows:

Tom Sabin, a cowboy, slashed with a knife, afterward died; John Tilford, a merchant, mortal wounds; Robert C. Thomas, badly cut probably fatally injured; Henry Morgan, shot in arm, head bruised; John Mulvey, cut in left side and hit with a stone; Clarence Logan, head badly bruised; Oscar Reed, shot in the neck; Samuel Clayton, left leg badly hurt by a bullet, amputation probably necessary; Silas Adams, dangerous knife wound in the breast; Thomas Clancy, frightfully cut on neck and shoulder, left ear cut off; Mike Murphy, nose broken and left eye knocked out; an unknown man from Anthony, cut in the abdomen, injuries likely to be fatal.

An election was held at Harper to vote on the proposition to issue $100,000 in bonds to the Salina and Gulf road. The project was bitterly resisted by many of the leading citizens, and as bitterly advocated by others. For a week both parties had made every effort to carry or defeat the proposition.

The fight over the bonds was complicated and made bitter by the fact that Anthony, a rival town three miles west of Harper, promised to issue the bonds if the railroad company would locate its line at that place. Citizens living between the two towns were also deeply interested in the struggle, and when the election was held at Harper the town was filled with interested outsiders anxious to take a hand in the matter.

The company preferred to run its line through Harper if the bonds could be voted, and had sent a large gang of graders and other employes to help carry the project through.

Many stormy scenes were witnessed at the polls during the day, and half a dozen fights took place, but a general riot was prevented by the coolness of the leaders. When the polls closed it was believed that the bonds had carried. The ballots were not all counted, and during the night the boxes containing the votes were stolen and disposed of so effectually that they have not yet been found.

The only ward estimated as going against the bonds was the First, and its ballots were not stolen. When the affair became known the next day there was great excitement. The railroad crowd had a number of arrests made, and warrants were sworn out for others who could not be found. An effort was made to arrest Tom Sabin, who has been a cowboy in this day. He made a fight, and his friends joining, a hundred men in a few minutes became engaged in a desperate battle with the results stated above.

# MILITIA CALLED OUT.

## The Chickasaw Nation to Eject Non-Citizens.

The Chickasaw Legislature, in special session have passed a resolution appropriating $7000 to equip the tribal militia, which will be called out by Governor Byrd to eject non-citizens who have refused to pay their permit taxes. There are several hundred of these people, and as they are well armed and defiant serious trouble was expected. The non-citizens were refused representation in the Legislature by the full bloods and defend their course on the old principle of no taxation without representation.

# PROMINENT PEOPLE.

PRINCE BISMARCK is a miller, a papermaker, a brickmaker, an ironmaster, a coalminer and a brewer.

THIRTY-SEVEN former pupils of Dr. James McCosh, ex-President of Princeton College, are now college professors.

CAPTAIN TRIVIER, the French explorer, says that the natives of Central Africa cannot be civilized for centuries.

GOVERNOR SCALES, of North Carolina, is one of the largest men in his State, and weighs nearly three hundred pounds.

MR. BLAINE'S recent loss of an uncle, a sister, and then a son and daughter, has won for him the sympathy of the entire country.

MR. CLEVELAND'S guaranteed income from the New York law firm with which he is connected as special counsel is $35,000 a year.

LORD TENNYSON says that since he became famous he has at least 100,000 applications for his autograph. He has favored only 500 individuals.

LORD HIGH CHANCELLOR HALSBURY, of England, patterns after Gladstone as a wood chopper. Felling trees is one of his particular enjoyments.

ROBERT BONNER'S sons sent the poet Whittier a check for $1000 for his poem, "The Captain's Well," written, in his eighty-second year, for their paper.

CONGRESSMAN SPRINGER, of Illinois, is a tall, wiry man, with a full gray beard and a strong voice. He wears a fresh buttonhole bouquet every morning.

WHEN Austin Corbin, the railroad millionaire was a school teacher in New Hampshire, some of the big boys tried to thrash him, but crawled out the smaller end of the horn.

GOVERNOR HILL, of New York, is said to be inordinately fond of reading novels. His favorite American author is Bret Harte, all of whose books he has read over and over again.

CHIEF BUSHYHEAD, of the Cherokee Nation, is the most representative leader of the Cherokees. His face is of a lighter color than that of the ordinary brave, and he wears spectacles.

LYMAN TRUMBULL, ex-Governor, ex-Secretary of State, ex-Supreme Court Judge, ex-Member of Congress, and ex-United States Senator, is still practicing law in Chicago at the age of seventy-seven.

PROFESSOR ANDERSON, lately Minister to Denmark, is remembered by not a few citizens of Milwaukee, Wis., as a poor boy who made a living years ago peddling apples about the banks and railway offices.

THE bill in the Canadian Parliament to abolish the duty on American corn imported into Canada to distill has been defeated.

Hark! to the sound of humanity's wails!
Millions of people with aches and with ails
Headaches and humors, a merciless flood,
Weakness of lung and disorders of blood,
Yet there's a helper that certainly saves,
Thousands of people from premature graves.
The remedy is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It cures coughs, relieves asthma, checks bronchitis, purifies the blood, heals sores, eruptions and unsightly pimples and is without a rival for all the ills that spring from a disordered liver. All druggists.

Don't hawk, and blow, and spit, but use Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. Of druggists.

WE are dependent on foreign countries for 200,000,000 pounds of wool annually.

"There is a tide in the affairs of men which if taken at the flood leads on to fortune." If your affairs are at a low ebb tide now, don't fail to write to B. F. Johnson & Co., 1009 Main St., Richmond, Va., who have plans that will enable you to make money rapidly.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c. per bottle

No stranger should leave the city without a box of "Tansill's Punch" 5c. Cigars.

Watch for "Murray" Buggy adv. next week.


## Prepare for Spring

Now is the time to attend to your personal condition in preparation for the change to spring season. If you have not "wintered well," if you are tired out from overwork, if your blood has become impure from close confinement in badly ventilated offices or shops, you should take Hood's Sarsaparilla at once. It will purify and vitalize your blood, create a good appetite, and give your whole system tone and strength.

"For a first-class spring medicine my wife and I think very highly of Hood's Sarsaparilla. We both took it last spring. It did us a great deal of good and we felt better through the hot weather than ever before. It cured my wife of sick headache, from which she has suffered a great deal, and relieved me of a dizzy, tired feeling. I think every one ought to take something to purify the blood before the hot weather comes on, and we shall certainly take Hood's Sarsaparilla this spring."—J. H. PEARCE, Supt. Granite Ry. Co., Concord, N. H.

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

**100 Doses One Dollar**



**After Dangers of the "Grip."**

*[From The Sunday Globe, Boston, Mass. Jan. 5, 1890.*

"Boston papers facetiously remark that 'La Grippe is seldom fatal unless you use all the remedies recommended for it.' They are correct. The writer fully believes that the end of the poor 'grip' victim, if he tried all the patent medicines that have adorned (?) the pages of our leading newspapers as 'sure cures for La Grippe,' would be like Mark Twain, who for his famous cold tried every remedy advised by friends, until his stomach became so weak he began to vomit, and continued until, as he avers, 'he was like to throw up his immortal soul.' We notice one of the leading advertisers of the day has been conspicuous at this opportune time by the absence of any claim to cure the 'grip.' They certainly deserve a 'chromo,' and we feel like giving them a free 'ad' for their compassion upon our readers. The more so for the reason that probably more people have used their remedy, that good old family medicine, Johnson's Anodyne Liniment, for this foreign influenza, than all others combined. And why not? Certainly no other will relieve catarrhal colds, coughs, bronchial troubles, or neuralgic pains, as promptly as that same old Anodyne Liniment, and the above are all symptoms or results of La Grippe. Herein lies the real after dangers from this epidemic of influenza; it leaves the mucous membrane linings of the nose, throat and bronchial tubes tender and very susceptible to the catarrh, bronchial troubles and pneumonia, which come with February and March in our northern climate. We shall still pin our faith to a remedy (for this after trouble) which acts promptly to allay inflammation; for therein lies the chief danger from throat and lung troubles. And surely a remedy that has the friends that Johnson's Anodyne Liniment has, after eighty years' trial by a critical public, and has been used for the 'grip' more extensively than all the advertised remedies, deserves, as we said, a medal, and has before it we hope a prosperous year as an octogenarian."

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT WAS ORIGINATED BY AN OLD FAMILY PHYSICIAN, IN 1810.—All who buy direct from us, and request it, shall receive a certificate that the money shall be refunded if not satisfied. Retail price, sent by mail, post-paid, 35 cents. Six bottles, $3, express pre-paid to any part of the United States; duty also paid to Canada. If your nearest druggist or general storekeeper does not keep Johnson's